AWARD/CONTRACT	ONTRACT  1. THIS CONTRACT IS A R. UNDER DPAS (15 CFR 70						RATING	PAGE OF	PAGES 81
2. CONTRACT (Proc. Inst. Ident.) NO. N61331-12-G-0001	3. EFFECTIVE DA	TE	2012	4. REQUISITION/PURCHASE REQUEST/PROJECT			ROJECT NO.		
5. ISSUED BY CODE N61331 NSWC PANAMA CITY (V. TRUMAN) VIVIAN.TRUMAN@NAVY.MIL. 850-230-7230			DCMAF 50 APPL M/S T2F	MINISTERE RAYTHEON TEW EHILL DRIVE R2 BURY MA 01876-	KSBURY	than (tem 5)	COD	S2205A	
7. NAME AND ADDRESS OF CONTRACT RAYTHEON COMPANY	OR (No., street city,	, county, state a	and zip co	de)		8. DELIVERY	RIGIN [X]O	THER (See b	elow)
1847 W MAIN RD PORTSMOUTH RI 02871-1087						9. DISCOUNTFO	R PROMPTPAYMEN rders	Т	
CODE_94404	EACILITY CODE					10. SUBMIT INVO (4 copies unless other TO THE ADDRES SHOWN IN:	rwise specified)	ITEM Section	on G
11. SHIP TO/MARK FOR CODE	EACILITY CODE		12. P.	AYMENT W			CODE		
See Schedule				COUNT ING	SAND ARRE	OPRIATION I	DATA		
13. AUTHORITY FOR USING OTHER TH.   COMPETITION:   [ X ] 10 U.S.C. 2304(c)( 1 ) [ ] 41		)	17. 70	COONTING	AND AFFR	OFMATION	DATA		
I5A. ITEM NO. 15B. SUPI	PLIES' SERVICES		15C. (	QUANTITY	15D. UNI	T 151	E. UNIT PRICE	15F. AM	IOUNT
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	16	TABLE C	DE COI		. TO TAL A	MOUNT OF C	ONTRACT		\$0.00
(X) SEC. DESCRIPTION		PAGE(S)				DE	SCRIPTION		PAGE(S)
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X A SOLICITATION/ CONTRACT F X B SUPPLIES OR SERVICES AND P	1711111	1 - 2 3 - 10	X		RACT_CLAU		IBITS AND OTHE	T) 47T4CH3	40 - 68
X C DESCRIPTION/ SPECS / WORK		11 - 18	x		F ATTACH!		IDTIS AND OTHE	KAHACIII	69
X D PACKAGING AND MARKING	CE.	19 - 20	<del>                                     </del>				NS AND INSTRUC	CTIO NS	,
X E INSPECTION AND ACCEPT AN X F DELIVERIES OR PERFORMANCE		21 22 - 23	l x	KI		NS, CERTIFICA NTS OF OFFEI			70 - 81
X G CONTRACT ADMINISTRATIO		24 - 27		_			TO OFFERORS		
X H SPECIAL CONTRACT REQUIRE		28 - 39	1 001			TORS FOR AV			<u> </u>
17. [X] CONTRACTOR'S NEGOTIATED AGREEMENT	ONTRACTING OFF Contractor is required to		_			AS APPLICAL  ed to sign this docume		Solicitation Number	
document and return copies to issuing office.) Contractor agrees to furnish and deliver all items or perform all the services set forth or otherwise identified above and on any continuation sheets for the consideration stated herein. The rights and obligations of the parties to this contract shall be subject to and governed by the following documents: (a) this award contract, (b) the solicitation, if any, and (c) such provisions, representations, certifications, and specifications, as are attached or incorporated by reference herein.  (Attachments are listed herein.)			above, is the contr	hereby accepted a ract which consists	as to the items list of the following d	ed above and on any	r changes are set forth in fo continuation sheets. This a overnment's solicitation and	ull ward consummates	
19A. NAME AND TITLE OF SIGNER (Type or print)			20A. NAME OF CONTRACTING OFFICER						
BY(Signature of person authorized to sign)  AUTHORIZED FOR LOCAL REPRODUCTION	I 9C. DATE	E SIGNED	20B. 1	JNITED STA		ERICA  Contracting Officer)	L: (	20C. DATE 9	

Section A - Solicitation/Contract Form

This agreement is entered into this 5th day of July 2012, by the United States of America (the "Government") represented by Wanda A. Cutchin, the Contracting Officer, and Raytheon Company, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Rhode Island (the "Contractor").

AGREEMENT INFORMATION: AGREEMENT CEILING AMOUNT AGREEMENT PERIOD START DATE AGREEMENT PERIOD END DATE

\$ 05-JUL-2012 04-JUL-2017

## **BOA LANGUAGE**

The Contractor shall furnish the following supplies and services when ordered by the Contracting Officer in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in this Basic Ordering Agreement (BOA). This agreement shall remain in effect through 4 July 2017, subject to the special contract requirement entitled "MODIFICATION AND TERMINATION" (NAVSEA 5252.249-9106).

The total CPFF and FFP for all orders under this BOA shall not exceed \$

## Section B - Supplies or Services and Prices

ITEM NO 0001	SUPPLIES/SERVICES  CPFF AN/AQS-20A Maintenance Integration FOB: Destination	QUANTITY  e, Repair, Overh	UNIT Lot aul, Modificatio	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT \$0.00
				ATED COST FIXED FEE COST + FEE	\$0.00 \$0.00 \$0.00
ITEM NO 0002	SUPPLIES/SERVICES Engineering Services CPFF FOB: Destination	QUANTITY	UNIT Lot	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT \$0.00
			ESTIM <i>A</i>	TED COST	\$0.00
				FIXED FEE	\$0.00
			TOTAL EST	COST + FEE	\$0.00
ITEM NO 0003	SUPPLIES/SERVICES  Travel COST (Subsistence and Lodging, FOB: Destination	QUANTITY  Transportation, i	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT \$0.00
				ESTIMATED COST	\$0.00

ITEM NO 0004	SUPPLIES/SERVICES	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT \$0.00
	Provisioned Item Order CPFF				
	(PIO)				*
	FOB: Destination				
			ESTIMA	ATED COST	\$0.00
				FIXED FEE	\$0.00
			TOTAL EST	COST + FEE	\$0.00
ITEM NO 0005	SUPPLIES/SERVICES	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
0003	Provisioned Item Order FFP (PIO) FOB: Origin				\$0.00
				NET AMT	\$0.00

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ITEM NO 0006	SUPPLIES/SERVICES  Spare Parts FFP FOB: Origin	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT \$0.00
				NET AMT	\$0.00
ITEM NO 0007	SUPPLIES/SERVICES Repair Parts FFP FOB: Origin	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT \$0.00
				NET AMT	\$0.00
ITEM NO 0008	SUPPLIES/SERVICES  Modification Kits FFP FOB: Origin	QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT \$0.00
				NET AMT	\$0.00

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ITEM NO 0009 SUPPLIES/SERVICES

**QUANTITY** 

UNIT PRICE

AMOUNT

Technical Data

**CPFF** 

Included in the price of Item 0001

FOB: Destination

**ESTIMATED COST** 

\$0.00

**NSP** 

**FIXED FEE** 

\$0.00

TOTAL EST COST + FEE

**UNIT** 

\$0.00

## **SUMMARY FOR PAYMENT OFFICE**

CONTRACT SUMMARY FOR PAYMENT OFFICE (COST/FIXED PRICE) (FEB 1997)

This contract includes the following mixture of cost reimbursement and fixed price line items:

<u>Item</u>	Type
1000	Cost Plus Fixed Fee (CPFF)
0002	Cost Plus Fixed Fee (CPFF)
0003	Cost Only
0004	Cost Plus Fixed Fee (CPFF)
0005	Firm-Fixed Price (FFP)
0006	Firm-Fixed Price (FFP)
0007	Firm-Fixed Price (FFP)
0008	Firm-Fixed Price (FFP)
0009	Not Separately Priced (NSP)

#### CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

## EXPEDITING CONTRACT CLOSEOUT (NAVSEA) (DEC 1995)

- (a) As part of the negotiated fixed price or total estimated amount of this contract, both the Government and the Contractor have agreed to waive any entitlement that otherwise might accrue to either party in any residual dollar amount of \$500 or less at the time of final contract closeout. The term "residual dollar amount" shall include all money that would otherwise be owed to either party at the end of the contract, except that, amounts connected in any way with taxation, allegations of fraud and/or antitrust violations shall be excluded. For purposes of determining residual dollar amounts, offsets of money owed by one party against money that would otherwise be paid by that party may be considered to the extent permitted by law.
- (b) This agreement to waive entitlement to residual dollar amounts has been considered by both parties. It is agreed that the administrative costs for either party associated with collecting such small dollar amounts could exceed the amount to be recovered.

#### CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

#### LIMITATION OF COST OR LIMITATION OF FUNDS LANGUAGE

The clause entitled "LIMITATION OF COST" (FAR 52.232-20) or "LIMITATION OF FUNDS" (FAR 52.232-22), as appropriate, shall apply separately and independently to each separately identified estimated cost.

#### CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

#### PAYMENT FOR ENGINEERING SERVICES AND SUPPORT (NAVSEA) (JAN 2008)

- (a) Invoices for engineering services and overtime shall contain the name(s) of engineer(s), date(s) and place(s) of performance, and a brief description of the services performed. This information may be included in the Comments tab of the applicable WAWF document. Each invoice shall be accompanied by a copy of the authorization for services and the original certification of performance. These documents may be attached to the invoice as described in the Invoice Instructions in Section G. A copy of each invoice shall be furnished to the applicable NAVSEA/DRPM/PEO code identified in Section C under Engineering Services.
- (b) Invoices for subsistence and transportation shall be supported by a statement of actual costs incurred by the Contractor and claimed to be reimbursable and shall be in such form and reasonable detail as required by the cognizant Defense Contract Audit Agency (DCAA). The Government shall make provisional payment after submission of each invoice and statement of costs. At any time prior to final payment, DCAA may audit the invoice(s) and statement(s) of costs, as appropriate.
- (c) Each provisional payment for subsistence and transportation costs shall be subject to reduction to the extent any amount included in the related invoice and statement of costs is found not to be reimbursable under the support item(s) and shall also be subject to reduction for overpayment or to increase for underpayment on preceding invoices. Any disputes under this requirement shall be determined in accordance with the clause of this contract entitled "DISPUTES" (FAR 52.233-1).

#### CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

## PAYMENTS OF FEE (S) (COMPLETION) (NAVSEA) (MAY 1993)

- (a) For purposes of this contract, "fee" means "target fee" in cost-plus-incentive-fee type contracts, "base fee" in cost-plus-award-fee type contracts, "fixed fee" in cost-plus-fixed-fee type contracts for completion and phase type contracts.
- (b) The Government shall make payments to the Contractor, subject to and in accordance with the clause in this contract entitled "FIXED FEE" (FAR 52.216-8) or "INCENTIVE FEE", (FAR 52.216-10), as applicable. Such payments shall be equal to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ percent (\_\_\_\_\_\_\_) of the allowable cost of each invoice submitted by and payable to the Contractor pursuant to the clause of this contract entitled "ALLOWABLE COST AND PAYMENT" (FAR 52.216-7),

subject to the withholding terms and conditions of the "FIXED FEE" or "INCENTIVE FEE" clause, as applicable (percentage of fee is based on fee dollars divided by estimated cost dollars, including facilities capital cost of money). Total fee(s) paid to the Contractor shall not exceed the fee amount(s) set forth in this contract.

- (c) In the event of discontinuance of the work under this contract, or any specified phase of the contract, in accordance with the clause of this contract entitled "LIMITATION OF FUNDS" (FAR 52.232-22) or "LIMITATION OF COST" (FAR 52.232-20), as applicable, the fee shall be equitably adjusted by mutual agreement to reflect the diminution of work. If the adjusted fee is less than the sum of all fee payments made to the Contractor under this contract, the Contractor shall repay the excess amount to the Government. If the adjusted fee exceeds all payments made to the Contractor under this contract, the Contractor shall be paid the additional amount, subject to the availability of funds. In no event shall the Government be required to pay the Contractor any amount in excess of the funds obligated under this contract at the time of the discontinuance of work.
- (d) Fee(s) withheld pursuant to the terms and conditions of this contract shall not be paid until the contract has been modified to reduce the fee(s) in accordance with paragraph (c) above, or until the Procuring Contracting Officer has advised the paying office in writing that no fee adjustment is required.

#### CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

## PAYMENT OF FEES(S) (LEVEL OF EFFORT - ALTERNATE I) (NAVSEA) (MAY 2010)

- (a) For purposes of this contract, "fee" means "target fee" in cost-plus-incentive-fee type contracts, "base fee" in cost-plus-award-fee type contracts, or "fixed fee" in cost-plus-fixed-fee type contracts for level of effort type contracts.
- (b) The Government shall make payments to the Contractor, subject to and in accordance with the clause in this contract entitled "FIXED FEE" (FAR 52.216-8) or "INCENTIVE FEE", (FAR 52.216-10), as applicable. Such payments shall be submitted by and payable to the Contractor pursuant to the clause of this contract entitled "ALLOWABLE COST AND PAYMENT" (FAR 52.216-7), subject to the withholding terms and conditions of the "FIXED FEE" or "INCENTIVE FEE" clause, as applicable, and shall be paid at the hourly rate(s) specified above per man-hour performed and invoiced. Total fee(s) paid to the Contractor shall not exceed the fee amount(s) set forth in this contract. In no event shall the Government be required to pay the Contractor any amount in excess of the funds obligated under this contract.

#### CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

## REFUNDS (SPARES AND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT) (NAVSEA) (SEP 1990)

- (a) In the event that the price of a spare part or item of support equipment delivered under this contract significantly exceeds its intrinsic value, the Contractor agrees to refund the difference. Refunds will only be made for the difference between the intrinsic value of the item at the time an agreement on price was reached and the contract price. Refunds will not be made to recoup the amount of cost decreases that occur over time due to productivity gains (beyond economic purchase quantity considerations) or changes in market conditions.
- (b) For purposes of this requirement, the intrinsic value of an item is defined as follows:

- (1) If the item is one which is sold or is substantially similar or functionally equivalent to one that is sold in substantial quantities to the general public, intrinsic value is the established catalog or market price, plus the value of any unique requirements, including delivery terms, inspection, packaging, or labeling.
- (2) If there is no comparable item sold in substantial quantities to the general public, intrinsic value is defined as the price an individual would expect to pay for the item based upon an economic purchase quantity as defined in FAR 52.207-4, plus the value of any unique requirements, including delivery terms, inspection, packaging or labeling.
- (c) At any time up to two years after delivery of a spare part or item of support equipment, the Contracting Officer may notify the Contractor that based on all information available at the time of the notice, the price of the part or item apparently exceeds its intrinsic value.
- (d) If notified in accordance with paragraph (c) above, the Contractor agrees to enter into good faith negotiations with the Government to determine if, and in what amount, the Government is entitled to a refund.
- (e) If agreement pursuant to paragraph (d) above cannot be reached, and the Navy's return of the new or unused item to the Contractor is practical, the Navy, subject to the Contractor's agreement, may elect to return the item to the Contractor. Upon return of the item to its original point of Government acceptance, the Contractor shall refund in full the price paid. If no agreement pursuant to paragraph (d) above is reached, and return of the item by the Navy is impractical, the Contracting Officer may, with the approval of the Head of the Contracting Activity, issue a Contracting Officer's final decision on the matter, subject to Contractor appeal as provided in the "DISPUTES" clause (FAR 52.233-1).
- (f) The Contractor will make refunds, as required under this requirement, in accordance with instructions from the Contracting Officer.
- (g) The Contractor shall not be liable for a refund if the Contractor advised the Contracting Officer in a timely manner that the price it would propose for a spare part or item of support equipment exceeded its intrinsic value, and with such advice, specified the estimated proposed price, the estimated intrinsic value and known alternative sources or item, if any, that can meet the requirement.
- (h) This requirement does not apply to any spare parts or items of support equipment whose price is determined through adequate price competition. This requirement also does not apply to any spare part or item of support equipment with a unit price in excess of \$100,000; or in excess of \$25,000 if the Contractor submitted, and certified the currency, accuracy and completeness of, cost or pricing data applicable to the item.

## TRAVEL COSTS - ALTERNATE I (NAVSEA) (DEC 2005)

- (a) Except as otherwise provided herein, the Contractor shall be reimbursed for its reasonable actual travel costs in accordance with FAR 31.205-46. The costs to be reimbursed shall be those costs accepted by the cognizant DCAA.
- (b) Reimbursable travel costs include only that travel performed from the Contractor's facility to the worksite, in and around the worksite, and from the worksite to the Contractor's facility.
- (c) Relocation costs and travel costs incident to relocation are allowable to the extent provided in FAR 31.205-35; however, Contracting Officer approval shall be required prior to incurring relocation expenses and travel costs incident to relocation.
- (d) The Contractor shall not be reimbursed for the following daily local travel costs:
  - (i) travel at U.S. Military Installations where Government transportation is available,
  - (ii) travel performed for personal convenience/errands, including commuting to and from work, and
- (iii) travel costs incurred in the replacement of personnel when such replacement is accomplished for the Contractor's or employee's convenience.

Section C - Descriptions and Specifications

#### CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

#### NSWCPC - C01 SPECIFICATIONS

The Contractor shall furnish supplies or services under items specified in Section B of the Schedule in accordance with detailed specifications or requirements set forth in orders issued by the Contracting Officer in accordance with the special contract requirement(s) of this agreement entitled "ORDERS".

## <u>Item 0001 – MAINTENANCE, REPAIR, OVERHAUL, MODIFICATION, TESTING, AND LOGISTICS SUPPORT</u>

The Contractor shall perform maintenance, repair, overhaul, modification, testing, technical assistance, depot and Failure Reporting, Analysis and Corrective Action System (FRACAS) support, computer resources support, preplanned product improvement (P³I), integrated logistics support and associated documentation for supporting the AN/AQS-20A Sonar, Mine Detecting Set. Specific instructions, directions, and specification shall be provided in each order issued under this BOA and in accordance with the Statement of Work, Attachment 1 attached hereto.

## Item 0001 - Depot Level Maintenance

The Contractor shall provide the labor and material required to overhaul and test electrical and mechanical components in accordance with Attachment I - Statement of Work (SOW) for the AN/AQS-20A.

Specific instructions, directions, and specification shall be provided in each order issued under this BOA and in accordance with the Statement of Work, Attachment 1 attached hereto.

If additional work is required to overhaul the unit, the need for additional services and/or parts shall be determined by the COR and the Contracting Officer. Upon receipt of an amendment to the order issued, the Contractor shall furnish additional labor and/or parts as specified in the amendment to complete the overhaul.

The overhauled units shall meet all the system level performance and qualification requirements of the N00024-05-C-6324 contract configuration baseline and any approved Engineering Change Proposals (ECPs), but is not required to meet new production build requirements. The current configuration baseline is defined as existing configuration at the time of order issuance. The Contractor shall report all failures that occur during any tests referenced in Attachment 1- Statement of Work, weapons specifications, drawings, and test procedures. Specific directions, specifications, and instructions shall be provided by each order issued under this BOA.

## <u>Item 0001 - Depot Level Evaulation/Assessment</u>

The Contractor shall assess each unit to determine if the unit requires overhaul, repair or if economical to replace. The assessment shall include disassembly, inspection, and testing to determine if the articles are repairable, replaceable or need overhaul. Specific instructions, directions, and specification shall be provided in each order issued under this BOA and in accordance with the Statement of Work, Attachment 1 attached hereto.

## <u>Item 0001 - Overhaul</u>

Specific instructions, directions, and specification shall be provided in each order issued under this BOA and in accordance with the Statement of Work, Attachment I attached hereto.

#### ITEM(S) 0002 - ENGINEERING SERVICES (NAVSEA) (APR 2004)

- (a) The Contractor shall furnish the services of qualified engineer(s) to:
- (1) Assist in planning, installation, testing, checkout, adjustment, operation, disassembly, and repair of <u>the AN/AOS-20A Sonar Mine Detecting Set</u>; and
- (2) Perform on-the-job instruction and training of Navy personnel (military and/or civilian). (Not applicable to SCN funded items).
- (b) For purposes of this requirement, the following definitions apply:
- (1) "Domestic services" means services rendered within the United States (U.S.) and/or on Navy vessels in ports within the U.S. or at sea, provided the vessel does not enter port outside the U.S.
  - (2) "Foreign services" means services other than domestic.
- (3) "United States" means the United States, its possessions, Puerto Rico, and any other place subject to its jurisdiction, but does not include leased bases or trust territories.
- (4) "Man day" means the services of one engineer for one day of eight hours, Monday through Friday (excluding holidays).
  - (5) "Holidays" means all Federally recognized holidays.
- (c) The engineering services shall be performed within the limits, if any, as to place(s)and period(s)specified therefore, as authorized by the individual technical instruction under an order placed by the Procuring Contracting Officer or the Administrative Contracting Officer.
- (d) When authorized under paragraph(c) above, each engineer shall perform engineering services in accordance with supplemental instructions provided by the Contract Administration Office(CAO), a representative of the authorizing activity or a representative of the activity where the engineering services are performed, as applicable. However, each engineer shall not be considered an employee of the Government, and any supplemental instructions shall not be in conflict with the authorization granted under (c) above.
- (e) Travel time necessary for performance of such services shall be included in computing the man days of service. When services are performed at sea and the engineer(s) is unable to leave the vessel when work is completed, the remaining time aboard the vessel shall be considered travel time for purposes of computing the man days of services. However, the Contractor shall be paid for no more than one man day of service per calendar day for each engineer while in travel status.
- (f) Passports, visas, inoculations and other medical requirements necessary for performance of engineering services shall be at the sole responsibility and expense of the Contractor.
- (g) Each time services are performed, the engineer(s)shall obtain a certification of performance from a responsible U.S. Government official aboard the vessel or at the activity where the services were performed, citing tasks satisfactorily performed and hours worked each day.
- (h) The maximum liability of the Government for each engineering services item shall not exceed the amount set forth in the Schedule, or the amount obligated whichever is less. If, at any time, the Contractor has reason to believe that the amounts it expects to incur in the performance of each engineering services item in the next succeeding sixty(60)days, when added to all amounts previously incurred, will exceed seventy-five percent(75%)of the amount then set forth in the Schedule; or if, at any time, the Contractor has reason to believe that the man days and/or amount for the full performance of each engineering services item will be greater than or substantially less than that set forth in the Schedule, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing, giving its revised estimate of

the man days and/or amount for the performance of said item. The Contractor shall not exceed the obligated amount for each engineering services item, unless and until such amount has been increased in writing by the Contracting Officer.

(i) In the event the Government does not designate time(s) and place(s) sufficient for performance of the total quantity of engineering services set forth in the Schedule within the period(s) provided therefore, those services not furnished shall be deemed to be terminated for the convenience of the Government at no cost to the Government. Such termination shall be evidenced by a written document signed by the Contracting Officer and mailed or otherwise furnished to the contractor.

## <u>Item 0003 - SUPPORT FOR ENGINEERING SERVICES (NAVSEA) (JUN 1992)</u>

- (a) The Contractor shall be reimbursed for its reasonable actual subsistence and transportation costs incurred in the performance of the related engineering services item(s) in accordance with FAR 31.205-46. The costs to be reimbursed shall be those costs accepted by the cognizant DCAA.
- (b) Overtime shall be performed as required by the using activity and to the extent authorized by the applicable TBD code identified in Section C under Engineering Services.
- (c) The maximum liability of the Government for each support item shall not exceed the estimated amount set forth in the Schedule. If, at any time, the Contractor has reason to believe that the costs it expects to incur in the performance of each support item in the next succeeding sixty (60) days, when added to all costs previously incurred, will exceed seventy-five percent (75%) of the amount then set forth in the Schedule; or if, at any time, the Contractor has reason to believe that the costs to the Government for the full performance of each support item will be greater than or substantially less than the amount set forth in the Schedule, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing, giving its revised estimate of such costs for the performance of said item. The Contracting Officer may, upon receipt of such notice or whenever the Contracting Officer considers it necessary, increase or further increase the total estimated amount for the performance of each support item. When and to the extent the estimated amount for a support item has been so increased, any amounts expended or incurred by the Contractor for performance in excess of the estimated amount therefore prior to the increase, shall be paid or reimbursed to the same extent as if expended or incurred after the increase.

## Items 0004 and 0005 - Provisioned Item Orders (NAVSEA) (NOV 1999)

- (a) General. The Contractor agrees that it will furnish the supplies or services ordered by the Government in accordance with the procedures specified herein. Orders will be placed by the Contracting Officer, Provisioning Activity or Administrative Contracting Officer as unilateral or bilateral modifications to this contract on SF 30, Amendment of Solicitation/Modification of Contract. Any amounts shown in Section B at time of award of the initial contract for each provisioned line item are estimated amounts only and are subject to upward or downward adjustment by the issuing activity. If no amounts are shown, funding will be obligated before or at time of order issuance. It is understood and agreed that the Government has no obligation under this contract to issue any orders hereunder.
- (b) Priced Orders. For each proposed order, the Contractor agrees that it will submit such cost or pricing data as the Contracting Officer may require. Promptly thereafter, the Contractor and the Contracting Officer shall negotiate the price and delivery schedule for the proposed order. Upon execution and receipt of the priced order, the Contractor shall promptly commence the work specified in the order.
- (c) Undefinitized Orders. Whenever the Contracting Officer determines that urgent demands or requirements prevent the issuance of a priced order, he/she may issue an unpriced order. Such order may be unilateral or bilateral and shall establish a limitation of Government liability, a maximum ceiling amount, and a schedule for definitization, as described in subparagraph (e)(2) below. Upon request the Contractor shall submit a maximum ceiling amount proposal before the undefinitized order is issued. The maximum ceiling amount is the maximum price at which the order may be definitized. The Contractor shall begin performing the undefinitized order upon

receipt, except as provided in paragraph (d) below. The clause entitled "CONTRACT DEFINITIZATION" (DFARS 252.217-7027) shall be included in any undefinitized order.

- (d) Rejection of Unilateral Orders. The Contractor may reject any unilateral order if the Contractor determines that it cannot feasibly perform the order, or if the Contractor does not concur with the maximum ceiling amount. However, each unilateral order shall be deemed to have been accepted by the Contractor unless within fifteen days of issuance of the order, the Contractor notifies the Contracting Officer in writing of its rejection of the order.
- (e) Definitization of Undefinitized Orders. (1) The Contractor agrees that following the issuance of an undefinitized order, it will promptly begin negotiating with the Contracting Officer the price and terms of a definitive order that will include: (A) all clauses required by regulation on the date of the order; (B) all clauses required by law on the date of execution of the definitive order; and, (C) any other mutually agreeable clauses, terms and conditions. No later than sixty (60) days after the undefinitized order is issued, the Contractor agrees to submit a cost proposal with sufficient data to support the accuracy and derivation of its price; and, when required by FAR, cost or pricing data. If additional cost information is available prior to the conclusion of negotiations, the Contractor shall provide that information to the Contracting Officer. The price agreed upon shall be set forth in a bilateral modification to the order. In no event shall the price exceed the maximum ceiling amount specified in the undefinitized order.
- (2) Each undefinitized order shall contain a schedule for definitization which shall include a target date for definitization and dates for submission of a qualifying proposal, beginning of negotiations and, if appropriate, submission of make-or-buy and subcontracting plans and cost or pricing data. Submission of a qualifying proposal in accordance with the definitization schedule is a material element of the order. The schedule shall provide for definitization of the order by the earlier of:
- (i) a specified target date which is not more than 180 days after the issuance of the undefinitized order. However, that target date may be extended by the Contracting Officer for up to 180 days after the Contractor submits a qualifying proposal as defined in DFARS 217.7401; or
- (ii) the date on which the amount of funds expended by the Contractor under the undefinitized order exceed fifty percent (50%) of the order's maximum ceiling amount, except as provided in subparagraph (f)(3) below.
- (3) If agreement on a definitive order is not reached within the time provided pursuant to subparagraph (e)(2) above, the Contracting Officer may, with the approval of the Head of the Contracting Activity, determine a reasonable price in accordance with Subpart 15.8 and Part 31 of the FAR, and issue a unilateral order subject to Contractor appeal as provided in the "DISPUTES" clause (FAR 52.233-1). In any event, the Contractor shall proceed with completion of the order, subject to the "LIMITATION OF GOVERNMENT LIABILITY" clause (FAR 52.216-24).
- (f) Limitation of Government Liability. (1) Each undefinitized order shall set forth the limitation of Government liability, which shall be the maximum amount that the Government will be obligated to pay the Contractor for performance of the order until the order is definitized. The Contractor is not authorized to make expenditures or incur obligations exceeding the limitation of Government liability set forth in the order. If such expenditures are made, or if such obligations are incurred, they will be at the Contractor's sole risk and expense. Further, the limitation of Government liability shall be the maximum Government liability if the order is terminated. The "LIMITATION OF GOVERNMENT LIABILITY" clause shall be included in any undefinitized order.
- (2) Except for undefinitized orders for Foreign Military Sales; purchases of less than \$25,000; special access programs; and Congressionally-mandated long-lead procurements; and except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (f)(3) below, the limitation of Government liability shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the ceiling amount of an undefinitized order. In the case of orders within these excepted categories, however, the procedures set forth herein shall be followed to the maximum extent practical.
- (3) If the Contractor submits a qualifying proposal (as defined in DFARS 217.7401) to definitize an order before the Government has obligated fifty percent (50%) of the ceiling amount, the Contracting Officer may

increase the limitation of Government liability to up to seventy-five percent (75%) of the maximum ceiling amount or up to seventy-five percent (75%) of the price proposed by the Contractor, whichever is less.

- (4) If at any time the Contractor believes that its expenditure under an undefinitized order will exceed the limitation of Government liability, the Contractor shall so notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, and propose an appropriate increase in the limitation of Government liability of such order. Within thirty (30) days of such notice, the Contracting Officer will either (i) notify the Contractor in writing of such appropriate increase, or (ii) instruct the Contractor how and to what extent the work shall be continued; provided, however, that in no event shall the Contractor be obligated to proceed with work on an undefinitized order beyond the point where its costs incurred plus a reasonable profit thereon exceed the limitation of Government liability, and provided also that in no event shall the Government be obligated to pay the Contractor any amount in excess of the limitation of Government liability specified in any such order prior to establishment of firm prices.
- (g) Initial Spares. The limitations set forth in paragraph (c) and subparagraphs (e)(2), (f)(2) and (f)(3) do not apply to undefinitized orders for the purchase of initial spares.
- (h) Terminal Date for Placement of Orders. The Contractor shall not be obligated to accept any orders placed hereunder beyond 180 days after delivery of the last end item.
- (i) Segregation of Costs. The Contractor shall segregate the costs of performance of each undefinitized order from the cost of any other work performed by the Contractor.

## Item 0006 - SPARE PARTS

The contractor shall include the items required to provide Depot and all-level spare parts. Specific instructions, directions, and specifications shall be provided in each order issued under this BOA and in accordance with the Statement of Work, Attachment 1 attached hereto.

#### Item 0007 - REPAIR PARTS

The contractor shall include the items required to provide Depot and all-level repair parts. Specific instructions, directions, and specifications shall be provided in each order issued under this BOA and in accordance with the Statement of Work, Attachment 1 attached hereto.

## <u>Item 0008 - MODIFICATION KITS</u>

The Contractor shall provide labor and material associated with the design, fabrication, testing and delivery of components, assemblies, subassemblies, and other associated equipment in accordance with requirements contained in drawings and specifications approved by the Government. Specific instructions, directions, and specification shall be provided in each order issued under this BOA and in accordance with the Statement of Work, Attachment 1 attached hereto.

## ITEM 0009 - DATA REQUIREMENTS (NAVSEA) (SEP 1990)

The data to be furnished hereunder shall be prepared in accordance with the Contract Data Requirements List, DD Form 1423, Exhibit A, attached hereto and/or as specified on individual orders. Specific instructions, directions, and specification shall be provided in each order issued under this BOA and in accordance with the Statement of Work, Attachment 1 attached hereto.

## ASSIGNMENT AND USE OF NATIONAL STOCK NUMBERS (NAVSEA) (MAY 1993)

To the extent that National Stock Numbers (NSNs) or preliminary NSNs are assigned by the Government for the identification of parts, pieces, items, subassemblies or assemblies to be furnished under this contract, the Contractor shall use such NSNs or preliminary NSNs in the preparation of provisioning lists, package labels, packing lists, shipping containers and shipping documents as required by applicable specifications, standards or Data item Descriptions of the contract or as required by orders for spare and repair parts. The cognizant Government Contract Administration Office shall be responsible for providing the Contractor such NSNs or preliminary NSNs which may be assigned and which are not already in possession of the Contractor.

## ASSIGNMENT OF SERIAL NUMBER(S) (NAVSEA) (SEP 1990)

The Contractor shall request serial number assignment, in writing, from the Cognizant Technical Program Office, with a copy to the cognizant Contract Administration Office. The request for serial number assignment shall contain the following minimum information:

- (a) Contract number;
- (b) Assigned line item number and description;
- (c) Assigned type designation;
- (d) Assigned model number;
- (e) Top drawing number and ID (List of Drawings) number;
- (f) Exact quantity for which serial numbers are being requested, including preproduction samples required by the contract; and
  - (g) National Stock Number

# COMPUTER SOFTWARE AND/OR COMPUTER DATABASE(S) DELIVERED TO AND/OR RECEIVED FROM THE GOVERNMENT (NAVSEA) (APR 2004)

- (a) The Contractor agrees to test for viruses all computer software and/or computer databases, as defined in the clause entitled "RIGHTS IN NONCOMMERCIAL COMPUTER SOFTWARE AND NONCOMMERCIAL COMPUTER SOFTWARE DOCUMENTATION" (DFARS 252.227-7014), before delivery of that computer software or computer database in whatever media and on whatever system the software is delivered. The Contractor warrants that any such computer software and/or computer database will be free of viruses when delivered.
- (b) The Contractor agrees to test any computer software and/or computer database(s) received from the Government for viruses prior to use under this contract.

- (c) Unless otherwise agreed in writing, any license agreement governing the use of any computer software to be delivered as a result of this contract must be paid-up and perpetual, or so nearly perpetual as to allow the use of the computer software or computer data base with the equipment for which it is obtained, or any replacement equipment, for so long as such equipment is used. Otherwise the computer software or computer database does not meet the minimum functional requirements of this contract. In the event that there is any routine to disable the computer software or computer database after the software is developed for or delivered to the Government, that routine shall not disable the computer software or computer database until at least twenty-five calendar years after the delivery date of the affected computer software or computer database to the Government.
- (d) No copy protection devices or systems shall be used in any computer software or computer database delivered under this contract to restrict or limit the Government from making copies. This does not prohibit license agreements from specifying the maximum amount of copies that can be made.
- (e) Delivery by the Contractor to the Government of certain technical data and other data is now frequently required in digital form rather than as hard copy. Such delivery may cause confusion between data rights and computer software rights. It is agreed that, to the extent that any such data is computer software by virtue of its delivery in digital form, the Government will be licensed to use that digital-form data with exactly the same rights and limitations as if the data had been delivered as hard copy.
- (f) Any limited rights legends or other allowed legends placed by a Contractor on technical data or other data delivered in digital form shall be digitally included on the same media as the digital-form data and must be associated with the corresponding digital-form technical data to which the legends apply to the extent possible. Such legends shall also be placed in human-readable form on a visible surface of the media carrying the digital-form data as delivered, to the extent possible.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY - HIGH VALUE ITEMS (NAVSEA) (JUN 1992)

The following items are subject to the clause of this contract entitled "LIMITATION OF LIABILITY--HIGH VALUE ITEMS" (FAR 52.246-24): **TBD** 

## SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS (NAVSEA) (AUG 1994)

#### (a) Definitions.

- (i) A "zero-tier reference" is a specification, standard, or drawing that is cited in the contract (including its attachments).
- (ii) A "first-tier reference" is either: (1) a specification, standard, or drawing cited in a zero-tier reference, or (2) a specification cited in a first-tier drawing.

## (b) Requirements.

All zero-tier and first-tier references, as defined above, are mandatory for use. All lower tier references shall be used for guidance only.

## UPDATING SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS (NAVSEA) (AUG 1994)

If, during the performance of this or any other contract, the contractor believes that any contract contains outdated or different versions of any specifications or standards, the contractor may request that all of its contracts be updated to include the current version of the applicable specification or standard. Updating shall not affect the form, fit or function of any deliverable item or increase the cost/price of the item to the Government. The contractor should submit update requests to the Procuring Contracting Officer with copies to the Administrative Contracting Officer and cognizant program office representative for approval. The contractor shall perform the contract in accordance with the existing specifications and standards until notified of approval/disapproval by the Procuring Contracting Officer. Any approved alternate specifications or standards will be incorporated into the contract.

#### Section D - Packaging and Marking

<u>Item 0001</u> - The supplies to be furnished by the Contractor shall be cleaned, preserved, packaged, packed and marked in accordance with instructions specified in orders issued by the Contracting Officer in accordance with the special contract requirement(s) of this agreement entitled "ORDERS".

Item(s) <u>0004 and 0005</u> - The supplies furnished hereunder shall be cleaned, preserved, packaged, packed and marked in accordance with the instructions provided by the Contracting Officer or ACO. When not otherwise specified, spare and repair parts shall be packaged to ensure protection against corrosion, deterioration, physical, and electrical damage during shipment from the Contractor to the point of delivery.

<u>Items 0006 through 0008 -</u> The supplies to be furnished by the Contractor shall be cleaned, preserved, packaged, packed and marked in accordance with instructions specified in orders issued by the Contracting Officer in accordance with the special contract requirement(s) of this agreement entitled "ORDERS".

<u>Items 0009 -</u> All unclassified data shall be prepared for shipment in accordance with best commercial practice. All unclassified data shall be prepared for shipment via electronic mail to addresses in Attachment 1 to Exhibits A and B.

Classified reports, data, and documentation shall be prepared for shipment in accordance with National Industrial Security Program Operating Manual (NISPOM), DOD 5220.22-M dated January 1995 with change 1 dated 31 July 1997 and change 2 dated 1 May 2000 and, when applicable, NISPOM Supplement 1 dated February 1995.

#### CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

#### IDENTIFICATION MARKING OF PARTS (NAVSEA) (NOV 1996)

Identification marking of individual parts within the systems, equipments, assemblies, subassemblies, components, groups, sets or kits, and of spare and repair parts shall be done in accordance with applicable specifications and drawings. To the extent identification marking of such parts is not specified in applicable specifications or drawings, such marking shall be accomplished in accordance with the following:

- (1) Parts shall be marked in accordance with generally accepted commercial practice.
- (2) In cases where parts are so small as not to permit identification marking as provided above, such parts shall be appropriately coded so as to permit ready identification.

## MARKING AND PACKING LIST(S) (NAVSEA) (NOV 1996)

- (a) Marking. Shipments, shipping containers and palletized unit loads shall be marked in accordance with best commercial practice.
- (b) Packing List(s). A packing list (DD Form 250 Material Inspection and Receiving Report may be used) identifying the contents of each shipment, shipping container or palletized unit load shall be provided by the Contractor with each shipment. When a contract line item identified under a single stock number includes an assortment of related items such as kit or set components, detached parts or accessories, installation hardware or material, the packing list(s) shall identify the assorted items.

Where assortment of related items is included in the shipping container, a packing list identifying the contents shall be furnished.

- (c) Master Packing List. In addition to the requirements in paragraph (b) above, a master packing list shall be prepared where more than one shipment, shipping container or palletized unit load comprise the contract line item being shipped. The master packing list shall be attached to the number one container and so identified.
- (d) Part Identification. All items within the kit, set, installation hardware or material shall be suitably segregated and identified within the unit pack(s) or shipping container by part number and/or national stock number.

## **MARKING OF REPORTS (NAVSEA) (SEP 1990)**

All reports delivered by the Contractor to the Government under this contract shall prominently show on the cover of the report:

(1)	name	and	business	address	of	the	Contractor	

- (2) contract number
- (3) contract dollar amount
- (4) whether the contract was competitively or non-competitively awarded
- (5) sponsor:

(Name of Individual Sponsor)						
(Name of Requiring Activity)						
(City and State)	- 10 - 11/01					

Section E - Inspection and Acceptance

#### **INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE**

<u>Items 0001</u> – Inspection and acceptance of the supplies or services furnished by the Contractor shall be set forth in orders issued by the Contracting Officer in accordance with the special contract requirements of this agreement entitled, "ORDERS".

<u>Items 0005, 0006, 0007, and 0008-</u> Inspection and acceptance shall be made by the cognizant ACO upon receipt of a copy of the authorization for services and the original certification of performance.

<u>Items 0002, 0004 and 0009</u> – Acceptance shall be made by the cognizant ACO upon receipt of a copy of the authorization for services and the original certification of performance, as evidenced on the DD Form(s) 250.

<u>Items 0009</u> - Inspection and acceptance of all data shall be as specified on the attached Contract Data Requirements List(s), DD Form 1423.

## **CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE**

52.246-2	Inspection Of SuppliesFixed Price	AUG 1996
52.246-3	Inspection Of Supplies Cost-Reimbursement	MAY 2001
52.246-4	Inspection Of ServicesFixed Price	AUG 1996
52.246-5	Inspection Of Services Cost-Reimbursement	APR 1984
52.246-16	Responsibility For Supplies	APR 1984

#### Section F - Deliveries or Performance

#### **DELIVERIES OR PERFORMANCE**

Items <u>0001and 0008</u> – The Contractor shall furnish supplies or services under the items specified in Section B of the Schedule in accordance with the delivery schedule set forth in orders issued by the Contracting Officer in accordance with the special contract requirement (s) of this agreement entitled "ORDERS". Specific directions, specifications, and instructions shall be provided by each order issued under this BOA.

The contractor is authorized to make early or partial deliveries in individual orders under this BOA.

Unless otherwise specified in any order, the supplies to be furnished by the Contractor shall be delivered f.o.b. carrier's equipment, wharf, or freight station, at the Government's option, at or near the Contractor's plant or at the plants of the subcontractors as authorized by the Contracting Officer. The method of shipment will be specified by the cognizant contract administration office when the supplies are ready for shipment. Unless otherwise specified, all shipments will be made via government Bill of Lading (GBL).

If any order includes Foreign Military Sales (FMS) items, the FMS items shall be shipped on a separate bill of lading and Interstate Commerce Act Section 10721 rates do not apply.

ITEMS <u>0001 and 0002 -</u> Specific directions, specifications, and instructions shall be provided in each order issued under this BOA.

Items <u>0002</u> – Engineering Services shall be performed in accordance with each order. The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing of the actual date of unconditional acceptance of the last unit of the foregoing item(s), with a copy to the applicable TBD code identified in Section C under Engineering Services.

Item(s) <u>0004</u> and <u>0005</u> - Parts shall be delivered in accordance with the delivery schedule established in each PIO. Unless otherwise stated in the PIO, parts shall be delivered free of expense to the Government in accordance with instructions specified in the clause entitled "F.O.B. ORIGIN" (FAR 52.247-29) at or near the Contractor's plant for shipment at Government expense (normally on Government bill(s) of lading).

Items <u>0009</u> – All data to be furnished under this BOA shall be delivered prepaid to destination(s) at the times(s) specified on the Contract Data Requirements List(s), DD Form 1423 or on the order as specified; and/or as specified by additional CDRLS provided with each Order.

#### CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

52.242-15	Stop-Work Order	AUG 1989
52.242-15 Alt I	Stop-Work Order (Aug 1989) - Alternate I	APR 1984
52.242-17	Government Delay Of Work	APR 1984
52.247-29	F.O.B. Origin	FEB 2006
52.247-34	F.O.B. Destination	NOV 1991
52.247-52	Clearance and Documentation Requirements-Shipments to	FEB 2006
	DOD Air or Water Terminal Transshipment Points	
52.247-55	F.O.B. Point For Delivery Of Government-Furnished	JUN 2003
	Property	
52.247-58	Loading, Blocking, And Bracing Of Freight Car Shipment	APR 1984
52.247-61	F.O.B. OriginMinimum Size Of Shipments	APR 1984
52.247-65	F.O.B. Origin, Prepaid FreightSmall Package Shipments	JAN 1991

#### CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

## 52.211-16 VARIATION IN QUANTITY (APR 1984)

- (a) A variation in the quantity of any item called for by this contract will not be accepted unless the variation has been caused by conditions of loading, shipping, or packing, or allowances in manufacturing processes, and then only to the extent, if any, specified in paragraph (b) below.
- (b) The permissible variation shall be limited to:0% Percent increase0%Percent decreaseThis increase or decrease shall apply to all items.

(End of clause)

Section G - Contract Administration Data

#### **CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION DATA**

Contract administration shall be set forth in orders issued by the Contracting Officer in accordance with the special contract requirement(s) of this agreement entitled "ORDERS".

Enter below the address (street and number, city, county, state and zip code) of the Contractor's facility which will administer the contract if such address is different from the address shown on the SF 26 or SF 33, as applicable.

## (a) PURCHASING OFFICE REPRESENTATIVE:

COMMANDER
NAVAL SEA SYSTEMS COMMAND
CODE: TBD
1333 ISAAC HULL AVENUE, SE STOP (2050)
WASHINGTON NAVY YARD, DC 20376-2050
Telephone No. TBD
Email: TBD

#### (b) CONTRACTING OFFICER'S REPRESENTATIVE:

NAVAL SURFACE WARFARE CENTER
PANAMA CITY DIVISION
ATTN:
110 VERNON AVENUE
PANAMA CITY, FL 32407-7001
Telephone No.
Email:

The contractor shall forward a copy of invoices to the Contracting Officer's Representative

#### (c) PROGRAM OFFICE REPRESENTATIVE:

COMMANDER
ATTN:
614 SICARD STREET SE BLDG 201
WASHINGTON NAVY YARD DC 20376-7003
TELEPHONE NO
EMAIL

(d) All correspondence concerning contractual matters related to this contract shall be addressed to:

CONTRACTING OFFICER
CODE:
NAVAL SURFACE WARFARE CENTER
PANAMA CITY DIVISION
110 VERNON AVENUE
PANAMA CITY, FL 32407-7001

Telephone No.	-
Email:	

(e) Any correspondence concerning technical matters (ECPs, Waivers, Deviations, Clarification or Drawings, Specifications, etc.) shall be forwarded directly to:

CONTRACTING OFFICER
CODE:
NAVAL SURFACE WARFARE CENTER
PANAMA CITY DIVISION
110 VERNON AVENUE
PANAMA CITY, FL 32407-7001
Telephone No.
Email:

COMMANDER
ATTN: TBD
614 SICARD STREET SE
WASHINGTON NAVY YARD DC 20376-7003
Telephone No. TBD
Email: TBD

With copies to:

DCMA Raytheon Tewksbury ATTN: 50 Apple Hill Drive Tewsbury, MA 01876-1198 Telephone No. 4

Material Inspection and Receiving Report – In addition to the usual distribution of the DD Form 250 "Material Inspection and Receiving Report", the Contractor shall furnish one (1) copy of each DD Form 250 (for information purpose) to:

DCMA Raytheon Tewksbury ATTN: 50 Apple Hill Drive Tewsbury, MA 01876-1198 Telephone No. Email:

## WITHHOLDINGS

For the purpose of withholdings under the BOA, the withholding shall apply to each individual Order.

#### PRICING OF ORDERS

In the negotiation of prices for orders placed hereunder, the cost portion of such negotiation shall be negotiated on the basis of Parts 31 and 42 of the FAR as in effect on the date of the issuance of the Order.

#### CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

## NSWCPC - G12 INVOICE INSTRUCTIONS (WAWF)

- (a) In accordance with the clause of this contract entitled "ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION OF PAYMENT REQUESTS" (DFARS 252.232-7003), the Naval Sea Systems Command (NAVSEA) will utilize the DoD Wide Area Workflow Receipt and Acceptance (WAWF) system to accept supplies/services delivered under this contract. This web-based system located at <a href="https://wawf.eb.mil">https://wawf.eb.mil</a> provides the technology for government contractors and authorized Department of Defense (DoD) personnel to generate, capture and process receipt and payment-related documentation in a paperless environment. Invoices for supplies/services rendered under this contract shall be submitted electronically through WAWF. Submission of hard copy DD250/invoices may no longer be accepted for payment.
- (b) It is recommended that the person in your company designated as the Central Contractor Registration (CCR) Electronic Business (EB) Point of Contact and anyone responsible for the submission of invoices, use the online training system for WAWF at <a href="http://wawftraining.com">http://wawftraining.com</a>. The Vendor, Group Administrator (GAM), and sections marked with an asterisk in the training system should be reviewed. Vendor Documentation is available under Resources at <a href="http://wawftraining.com">http://wawftraining.com</a>.
- (c) The designated CCR EB point of contact is responsible for activating the company's CAGE code on WAWF by calling 1-866-618-5988. Once the company is activated, the CCR EB point of contact will self-register under the company's CAGE code on WAWF and follow the instructions for a group administrator. After the company is set-up on WAWF, any additional persons responsible for submitting invoices must self-register under the company's CAGE code at https://wawf.eb.mil.
- (d) The contractor shall use the following document types, DODAAC codes and inspection and acceptance locations when submitting invoices in WAWF:

	Type of Document (contracting officer check all that apply)					
	X Invoice and Receiving Report Combo (FFP Supply)					
	X Cost Voucher (Cost Reimbursable, T&M, LH, or FPI)					
inform	DODAAC Codes and Inspection and Acceptance Locations (contracting officer complete appropriate information as applicable)					
	Issue DODAAC N61331					
	Admin DODAAC					
	Pay Office DODAAC	See Individual Orders				
	Inspector DODAAC	See Individual Orders				
	Service Acceptor DODAAC	See Individual Orders				

Service Approver DODAAC	See Individual Orders
Ship To DODAAC	See Individual Orders
DCAA Auditor DODAAC	
LPO DODAAC	
Inspection Location	See Individual Orders
Acceptance Location	See Individual Orders

Attachments created in any Microsoft Office product may be attached to the WAWF invoice, e.g., backup documentation, timesheets, etc. Maximum limit for size of each file is 2 megabytes. Maximum limit for size of files per invoice is 5 megabytes.

(e) Before closing out of an invoice session in WAWF, but after submitting the document(s), you will be prompted to send additional email notifications. Click on "Send More Email Notification" and add the acceptor/receiver email addresses noted below in the first email address block, and add any other additional email addresses desired in the following blocks. This additional notification to the government is important to ensure that the acceptor/receiver is aware that the invoice documents have been submitted into WAWF.

Send Additional Email Notification To:	
TBD	

- (f) The contractor shall submit invoices/cost vouchers for payment per contract terms and the government shall process invoices/cost vouchers for payment per contract terms. Contractors approved by DCAA for direct billing will submit cost vouchers directly to DFAS via WAWF. Final voucher submission will be approved by the ACO.
- (g) If you have any questions regarding WAWF, please contact the WAWF helpdesk at the above 1-866-618-5988 number or the NSWC Panama City WAWF point of contact at <u>NSWCPCD\_WAWF@navy.mil</u>. The point of contact is June Fordham at (850) 234-4755; the alternate point of contact is Colette Hazard at (850) 235-5363.

#### CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

252.204-7006	Billing Instructions	OCT 2005
252.232-7003	Electronic Submission of Payment Requests and Receiving	MAR 2008
	Reports	
252.246-7000	Material Inspection And Receiving Report	MAR 2008

Section H - Special Contract Requirements

#### CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

## 5252.202-9101 ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS (MAY 1993)

As used throughout this contract, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

- (a) DEPARTMENT means the Department of the Navy.
- (b) REFERENCES TO THE FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION (FAR) All references to the FAR in this contract shall be deemed to also reference the appropriate sections of the Defense FAR Supplement (DFARS), unless clearly indicated otherwise.
- (c) REFERENCES TO ARMED SERVICES PROCUREMENT REGULATION OR DEFENSE ACQUISITION REGULATION All references in this document to either the Armed Services Procurement Regulation (ASPR) or the Defense Acquisition Regulation (DAR) shall be deemed to be references to the appropriate sections of the FAR/DFARS.
- (d) NATIONAL STOCK NUMBERS Whenever the term Federal Item Identification Number and its acronym FIIN or the term Federal Stock Number and its acronym FSN appear in the contract, order or their cited specifications and standards, the terms and acronyms shall be interpreted as National Item Identification Number (NIIN) and National Stock Number (NSN) respectively which shall be defined as follows:
- (1) National Item Identification Number (NIIN). The number assigned to each approved Item Identification under the Federal Cataloging Program. It consists of nine numeric characters, the first two of which are the National Codification Bureau (NCB) Code. The remaining positions consist of a seven digit non-significant number.
- (2) National Stock Number (NSN). The National Stock Number (NSN) for an item of supply consists of the applicable four position Federal Supply Class (FSC) plus the applicable nine position NIIN assigned to the item of supply.

#### CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

## 5252.216-9110 ORDERS (FIXED-PRICE) (JAN 2008)

(a) General. Orders for supplies or services specified in Section B of the Schedule may be issued by the Contracting Officer at any time during the effective period of this agreement. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (e) below, the Contractor agrees to accept and perform orders issued by the Contracting Officer within the scope of this agreement. It is understood and agreed that the Government has no obligation under the terms of this agreement to issue any orders. Except as otherwise provided in any order, the Contractor shall furnish all materials and services necessary to accomplish the work specified in each

order issued hereunder; provided, however, that this agreement shall not be used for the furnishing of supplies or services which are covered by any "guaranty" or "warranty" clause(s) of the contract(s) under which the supplies were manufactured. In the event of any inconsistency between any order and this agreement, this agreement shall control. All requirements of this agreement shall be applicable to all orders issued hereunder. Wherever the word "contract" appears in this agreement, it shall be deemed to include within its meaning the word "order", and each order shall be considered a separate binding contract as

of its effective date. The Contractor shall segregate the costs incurred in the performance of any order issued hereunder from the costs of all other orders issued under this agreement.

- (b) Ordering. Orders and revisions thereto shall be made in writing and be signed by any authorized Contracting Officer cited in paragraph (i). Each order shall:
- (1) set forth detailed specifications or requirements for the supplies or services being ordered, (or reference applicable specifications or requirements in Section C of this agreement), and, shall refer to the appropriate item under Section B of this agreement;
- (2) set forth quantities being ordered;
- (3) set forth preservation, packaging and packing instructions, if any;
- (4) set forth delivery or performance dates;
- (5) designate the place(s) where inspection and acceptance will be made by the Government;
- (6) set forth either the firm contract price or, in the case of an undefinitized order, the definitization schedule and both the monetary limitation on Government liability for the undefinitized order and the maximum ceiling amount at which the order may be definitized;
- (7) set forth appropriation and accounting data for the work being ordered;
- (8) set forth any discount offered for prompt payment;
- (9) be dated;
- (10) be identified by number in accordance with DFARS 204.7004;
- (11) set forth the property, if any, to be furnished by the Government and the date(s) such property is to be delivered to the Contractor;
- (12) set forth the disbursing office where payment is to be made and other applicable contract administration data;
- (13) cite the applicable circumstance or exception and the justification control number. Orders for items not identified in the class justification, or an individual justification, and the basic ordering agreement are unauthorized;
- (14) be issued on an SF 26 or a DD Form 1155; and
- (15) set forth any other pertinent information.
- (c) Firm Priced Orders. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (d) below, the Contractor shall not begin any work on an order until a firm priced order is issued by the Contracting Officer. Upon receipt of a proposed order, the Contractor shall promptly submit to the Contracting Officer a price proposal for the work specified in the order. The Contractor agrees that it will submit such cost or pricing data as the Contracting Officer may require. Promptly after receipt of the Contractor's proposal and supporting cost or pricing data, if required, the Contractor and the Contracting Officer shall negotiate and agree upon a

price and delivery schedule for the work being ordered. The price and delivery schedule, as agreed upon, shall be set forth in the priced order and the order shall be signed by both the Contracting Officer and the Contractor. Upon receipt of the priced order, the Contractor shall promptly commence work and shall diligently complete it.

(d) Undefinitized Orders. Whenever the Contracting Officer determines that urgent demands or requirements prevent the issuance of a firm priced order, the Contracting Officer may issue an unpriced order. Such order may be unilateral or bilateral and shall establish a limitation on Government liability, a maximum ceiling amount and a schedule for definitization, as described in subparagraph (f)(2) below. Upon request, the Contractor shall submit a

maximum ceiling amount proposal before the undefinitized order is issued. The maximum ceiling amount is the maximum price at which the order may be definitized.

Except as provided in paragraph (e) below, the Contractor shall commence performance of the order upon receipt. The clause entitled "CONTRACT DEFINITIZATION" (DFARS 252.217-7027) shall be included in any undefinitized order.

- (e) Rejection of Unilateral Orders. The Contractor may reject any unilateral order if the Contractor determines it cannot feasibly perform the order, or if it does not concur with the maximum ceiling amount. However, each unilateral order shall be deemed to have been accepted by the Contractor unless within fifteen (15) days of issuance of the order the Contractor notifies the Contracting Officer in writing of its rejection of the order.
- (f) Definitization of Undefinitized Orders. (l) The Contractor agrees that following the issuance of an undefinitized order, it will promptly begin negotiating with the Contracting Officer the price and terms of a definitive order that will include: (A) all clauses required by regulation on the date of the order; (B) all clauses required by law on the date of execution of the definitive order; and, (C) other mutually agreeable clauses, terms and/or conditions. No later than sixty (60) days after the undefinitized order is issued, the Contractor shall submit a cost proposal with sufficient data to support the accuracy and derivation of its price; and, when required by FAR or the Contracting Officer, cost or pricing data. If additional cost information is available prior to the conclusion of negotiations, the Contractor shall provide that information to the Contracting Officer. The price agreed upon shall be set forth in a bilateral modification to the order. In no event shall the price exceed the maximum ceiling amount specified in the undefinitized order.
- (2) Each undefinitized order shall contain a schedule for definitization which shall include a target date for definitization and dates for submission of a qualifying proposal, beginning of negotiations and, if appropriate, submission of make-or-buy and subcontracting plans and cost or pricing data. Submission of a qualifying proposal in accordance with the definitization schedule is a material element of the order. The schedule shall provide for definitization of the order by the earlier of:
- (i) specified target date which is not more than 180 days after the issuance of the undefinitized order. However, that target date may be extended by the Contracting Officer for up to 180 days after the Contractor submits a qualifying proposal as defined in DFARS 217.740l; or
- (ii) the date on which the amount of funds obligated by the Government under the undefinitized order exceeds fifty percent (50%) of the order's maximum ceiling amount.
- (3) If agreement on a definitive order is not reached within the time provided pursuant to subparagraph (f)(2) above, the Contracting Officer may, with the approval of the Head of the Contracting Activity, determine a reasonable price in accordance with Subpart 15.4 and Part 31 of the FAR, and issue a unilateral order subject to Contractor appeal as provided in the "DISPUTES" clause (FAR 52.233-1). In any event, the Contractor shall proceed with completion of the order, subject to the "LIMITATION OF GOVERNMENT LIABILITY" clause (FAR 52.216-24).
- (g) Limitation of Government Liability. (l) Each undefinitized order shall set forth the limitation of Government liability, which shall be the maximum amount that the Government will be obligated to pay the Contractor for performance of the order until the order is definitized. The Contractor is not authorized to make expenditures or incur obligations exceeding the limitation of Government liability set forth in the order. If such expenditures are made, or if such obligations are incurred, those expenditures and obligations will be at the Contractor's sole risk and expense. Further, the limitation of liability shall be the maximum Government liability if the order is terminated. The clause at FAR 52.216-24 shall be included in any undefinitized order.
- (2) Except for undefinitized orders for Foreign Military Sales; purchases of less than \$25,000; special access programs; and Congressionally-mandated long lead procurements; and except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (g)(3) below, the limitation of Government liability shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the maximum ceiling amount of an undefinitized order. In the case of orders within these excepted categories, however, the procedures set forth herein shall be followed to the maximum extent practical.

- (3) If the Contractor submits a qualifying proposal, as defined in DFARS 217.7401, to definitize an order before the Government obligated fifty percent (50%) of the maximum ceiling amount, the Contracting Officer may increase the limitation of Government liability up to no more than seventy-five percent (75%) of the maximum ceiling amount or up to seventy-five percent (75%) of the price proposed by the Contractor, whichever is less.
- (4) If at any time the Contractor believes that its expenditures under an order will exceed the limitation of Government liability, the Contractor shall so notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, and propose an appropriate increase in the limitation of Government liability of such order. Within thirty (30) days of such notice, the Contractor gofficer will either (i) notify the Contractor in writing of such appropriate increase, or (ii) instruct the Contractor how and to what extent the work shall be continued; provided, however, that in no event shall the Contractor be obligated to proceed with work on an undefinitized order beyond the point where its costs incurred plus a reasonable profit exceed the limitation of Government liability, and provided also that in no event shall the Government be obligated to pay the Contractor any amount in excess of the limitation of Government liability specified in any such order prior to definitization.
- (h) Initial Spares. The limitations set forth in paragraph (d) and subparagraphs (f)(2), (g)(2) and (g)(3), do not apply to undefinitized orders for the purchase of initial spares.
- (i) Ordering Activities. The following activities are authorized to issue orders hereunder:

CONTRACTING OFFICER
CODE:
NAVAL SURFACE WARFARE CENTER
PANAMA CITY DIVISION
110 Vernon Avenue
PANAMA CITY, FL 32407-7001
Telephone
Email:

DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY (DCMA) RAYTHEON TEWKSBURY ATTN:
50 APPLE
TEWKSBURY, MA 01876-1198
Telephone No.
Email:

CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

## 5252.216-9112 ORDERS (COST-PLUS-FIXED-FEE) (JAN 2008)

(a) General. Orders for supplies or services specified in Section B of the Schedule may be issued by the Contracting Officer at any time during the effective period of this agreement. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (e) below, the Contractor agrees to accept and perform orders issued by the Contracting Officer within the scope of this agreement. It is understood and agreed that the Government has no obligation under the terms of this agreement to issue any orders. Except as otherwise provided in any order, the Contractor shall furnish all materials and services necessary to accomplish the work specified in each order issued hereunder; provided, however, that this agreement shall not be used for the furnishing of supplies or services which are covered by any "guaranty" or "warranty" clause(s) of the contract(s) under which the supplies were manufactured. In the event of any inconsistency between

any order and this agreement, this agreement shall control. All requirements of this agreement shall be applicable to all orders issued hereunder. Wherever the word "contract" appears in this agreement, it shall be deemed to include within its meaning the word "order", and each order shall be considered a separate binding contract as of its effective date. The Contractor shall segregate the costs incurred in the performance of any order issued hereunder from the costs of all other orders issued under this agreement.

- (b) Ordering. Orders and revisions thereto shall be made in writing and be signed by any authorized Contracting Officer cited in paragraph (i). Each order shall:
- (1) set forth detailed specifications or requirements for the supplies or services being ordered, (or reference applicable specifications or requirements in Section C of this agreement), and, shall refer to the appropriate item under Section B of this agreement;
- (2) set forth quantities being ordered;
- (3) set forth preservation, packaging and packing instructions, if any;
- (4) set forth delivery or performance dates;
- (5) designate the place(s) where inspection and acceptance will be made by the Government;
- (6) set forth the estimated cost and fixed fee, in the case of an undefinitized order, the definitization schedule and both the monetary limitation on Government liability for the undefinitized order and the maximum ceiling amount at which the order may be definitized;
- (7) set forth appropriation and accounting data for the work being ordered;
- (8) be dated;
- (9) be identified by number in accordance with DFARS 204.7004;
- (10) set forth the property, if any, to be furnished by the Government and the date(s) such property is to be delivered to the Contractor;
- (11) set forth the disbursing office where payment is to be made and other applicable contract administration data;
- (12) cite the applicable circumstance or exception and the justification control number. Orders for items not identified in the class justification, or an individual justification, and the basic ordering agreement are unauthorized;
- (13) be issued on an SF 26 or a DD Form 1155; and
- (14) set forth any other pertinent information.
- (c) Priced Orders. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (d) below, the Contractor shall not begin any work on an order until the estimated cost and fixed fee for the order has been agreed upon by the Contracting Officer and Contractor and an order is issued by the Contracting Officer. Upon receipt of a proposed order, the Contractor shall promptly submit to the Contracting Officer a cost proposal for the work specified in the order. The Contractor shall submit such cost or pricing data as the Contracting Officer may require. Promptly after receipt of the Contractor's proposal and supporting cost or pricing data, if

required, the Contractor and the Contracting Officer shall negotiate and agree upon a price and delivery schedule for the work being ordered. The estimated cost, fixed fee, and delivery schedule, as agreed upon, shall be set forth in the priced order and the order shall be signed by both the Contracting Officer and the Contractor. Upon receipt of the priced order, the Contractor shall promptly commence work and shall diligently complete it.

- (d) Undefinitized Orders. Whenever the Contracting Officer determines that urgent demands or requirements prevent the issuance of a firm priced order, the Contracting Officer may issue an unpriced order. Such order may be unilateral or bilateral and shall establish a limitation on Government liability, a maximum ceiling amount and a schedule for definitization, as described in subparagraph (f)(2) below. Upon request, the Contractor shall submit a maximum ceiling amount proposal before the undefinitized order is issued. The maximum ceiling amount is the maximum amount (including fee) at which the order may be definitized. Except as provided in paragraph (e) below, the Contractor shall commence performance of the order upon receipt. The clause entitled "CONTRACT DEFINITIZATION" (DFARS 252.217-7027) shall be included in any undefinitized order.
- (e) Rejection of Unilateral Orders. The Contractor may reject any unilateral order if the Contractor determines it cannot feasibly perform the order, or if it does not concur with the maximum ceiling amount. However, each unilateral order shall be deemed to have been accepted by the Contractor unless within fifteen (15) days of issuance of the order the Contractor notifies the Contracting Officer in writing of its rejection of the order.

## (f) Definitization of Undefinitized Orders.

- (i) The Contractor agrees that following the issuance of an undefinitized order, it will promptly begin negotiating with the Contracting Officer the CPFF and terms of a definitive order that will include: (A) all clauses required by regulation on the date of the order; (B) all clauses required by law on the date of execution of the definitive order; and, (C) other mutually agreeable clauses, terms and/or conditions. No later than sixty (60) days after the undefinitized order is issued, the Contractor shall submit a cost proposal with sufficient data to support the accuracy and derivation of its CPFF proposal; and, when required by FAR or the Contracting Officer, cost or pricing data. If additional cost information is available prior to the conclusion of negotiations, the Contractor shall provide that information to the Contracting Officer. The CPFF agreed upon shall be set forth in a bilateral modification to the order. In no event shall the CPFF exceed the maximum ceiling amount specified in the undefinitized order.
- (2) Each undefinitized order shall contain a schedule for definitization which shall include a target date for definitization and dates for submission of a qualifying proposal, beginning of negotiations and, if appropriate, submission of make-or-buy and subcontracting plans and cost or pricing data. Submission of a qualifying proposal in accordance with the definitization schedule is a material element of the order. The schedule shall provide for definitization of the order by the earlier of:
  - (i) specified target date which is not more than 180 days after the issuance of the undefinitized order. However, that target date may be extended by the Contracting Officer for up to 180 days after the Contractor submits a qualifying proposal as defined in DFARS 217.7401; or
  - (ii) the date on which the amount of funds obligated by the Government under the undefinitized order exceeds fifty percent (50%) of the order's maximum ceiling amount.
- (3) If agreement on a definitive order is not reached within the time provided pursuant to subparagraph (f)(2) above, the Contracting Officer may, with the approval of the Head of the Contracting Activity, determine a reasonable price in accordance with Subpart 15.4 and Part 31 of the FAR, and issue a unilateral order subject to Contractor appeal as provided in the "DISPUTES" clause (FAR 52.233-1). In any event, the Contractor shall proceed with completion of the order, subject to the "LIMITATION OF GOVERNMENT LIABILITY" clause (FAR 52.216-24).

#### (g) Limitation of Government Liability.

(l) Each undefinitized order shall set forth the limitation of Government liability, which shall be the maximum amount that the Government will be obligated to pay the Contractor for performance of the order until the order is definitized. The Contractor is not authorized to make expenditures or incur obligations exceeding the limitation of Government liability set forth in the order. If such expenditures are made, or if such obligations are incurred, those expenditures and obligations will be at the Contractor's sole risk and expense. Further, the limitation of liability shall be the maximum Government liability if the order is terminated. The clause at FAR 52.216-24 shall be included in any undefinitized order.

- (2) Except for undefinitized orders for Foreign Military Sales; purchases of less than \$25,000; special access programs; and Congressionally-mandated long lead procurements; and except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (g)(3) below, the limitation of Government liability shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the maximum ceiling amount of an undefinitized order. In the case of orders within these excepted categories, however, the procedures set forth herein shall be followed to the maximum extent practical.
- (3) If the Contractor submits a qualifying proposal, as defined in DFARS 217.7401, to definitize an order before the Government obligated fifty percent (50%) of the maximum ceiling amount, the Contracting Officer may increase the limitation of Government liability up to no more than seventy-five percent (75%) of the maximum ceiling amount or up to seventy-five percent (75%) of the total CPFF proposed by the Contractor, whichever is less.
- (4) If at any time the Contractor believes that its expenditures under an order will exceed the limitation of Government liability, the Contractor shall so notify the Contracting Officer, in writing, and propose an appropriate increase in the limitation of Government liability of such order. Within thirty (30) days of such notice, the Contracting Officer will either (i) notify the Contractor in writing of such appropriate increase, or (ii) instruct the Contractor how and to what extent the work shall be continued; provided, however, that in no event shall the Contractor be obligated to proceed with work on an undefinitized order beyond the point where its costs incurred plus a reasonable profit exceed the limitation of Government liability, and provided also that in no event shall the Government be obligated to pay the Contractor any amount in excess of the limitation of Government liability specified in any such order prior to definitization.
- (h) Initial Spares. The limitations set forth in paragraph (d) and subparagraphs (f)(2), (g)(2) and (g)(3), do not apply to undefinitized orders for the purchase of initial spares.
- (i) Ordering Activities. The following activities are authorized to issue orders hereunder:

PANAMA CITY, FL 32407-7001 Telephone No. Email:	
DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY (DCMA) RAYTHEON TEWKSBURY ATTN: 50 APPLE HILL DRIVE	

5252.216-9122 LEVEL OF EFFORT (DEC 2000)

CONTRACTING OFFICER

PANAMA CITY DIVISION 110 Vernon Avenue

TEWKSBURY, MA 01876-1198

Telephone No.■

Email: |

NAVAL SURFACE WARFARE CENTER

- (a) The Contractor agrees to provide the total level of effort specified in the next sentence in performance of the work described in Sections B and C of this contract. The total level of effort for the performance of this contract shall be <u>TBD</u> total man-hours of direct labor, including subcontractor direct labor for those subcontractors specifically identified in the Contractor's proposal as having hours included in the proposed level of effort.
- (b) Of the total man-hours of direct labor set forth above, it is estimated that 0 (Offeror to fill-in) man-hours are uncompensated effort.

Uncompensated effort is defined as hours provided by personnel in excess of 40 hours per week without additional compensation for such excess work. All other effort is defined as compensated effort. If no effort is indicated in the first sentence of this paragraph, uncompensated effort performed by the Contractor shall not be counted in fulfillment of the level of effort obligations under this contract.

- (c) Effort performed in fulfilling the total level of effort obligations specified above shall only include effort performed in <u>direct</u> support of this contract and shall not include time and effort expended on such things as (local travel to and from an employee's usual work location), uncompensated effort while on travel status, truncated lunch periods, work (actual or inferred) at an employee's residence or other non-work locations (except as provided in paragraph (j) below), or other time and effort which does not have a specific and direct contribution to the tasks described in Sections B and C.
- (d) The level of effort for this contract shall be expended at an average rate of approximately hours per week. It is understood and agreed that the rate of man-hours per month may fluctuate in pursuit of the technical objective, provided such fluctuation does not result in the use of the total man-hours of effort prior to the expiration of the term hereof, except as provided in the following paragraph.
- (e) If, during the term hereof, the Contractor finds it necessary to accelerate the expenditure of direct labor to such an extent that the total man-hours of effort specified above would be used prior to the expiration of the term, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing setting forth the acceleration required, the probable benefits which would result, and an offer to undertake the acceleration at no increase in the estimated cost or fee together with an offer, setting forth a proposed level of effort, cost breakdown, and proposed fee, for continuation of the work until expiration of the term hereof. The offer shall provide that the work proposed will be subject to the terms and conditions of this contract and any additions or changes required by then current law, regulations, or directives, and that the offer, with a written notice of acceptance by the Contracting Officer, shall constitute a binding contract. The Contractor shall not accelerate any effort until receipt of such written approval by the Contracting Officer. Any agreement to accelerate will be formalized by contract modification.
- (f) The Contracting Officer may, by written order, direct the Contractor to accelerate the expenditure of direct labor such that the total man-hours of effort specified in paragraph (a) above would be used prior to the expiration of the term. This order shall specify the acceleration required and the resulting revised term. The Contractor shall acknowledge this order within five days of receipt.
- (g) If the total level of effort specified in paragraph (a) above is not provided by the Contractor during the period of this contract, the Contracting Officer, at its sole discretion, shall either (i) reduce the fee of this contract as follows:

Fee Reduction = Fee (Required LOE - Expended LOE)

Required LOE

or (ii) subject to the provisions of the clause of this contract entitled "LIMITATION OF COST" (FAR 52.232-20) or "LIMITATION OF COST (FACILITIES)" (FAR 52.232-21), as applicable, require the Contractor to continue to perform the work until the total number of man-hours of direct labor specified in paragraph (a) above shall have been expended, at no increase in the fee of this contract.

- (h) The Contractor shall provide and maintain an accounting system, acceptable to the Administrative Contracting Officer and the Defense Contract Audit Agency (DCAA), which collects costs incurred and effort (compensated and uncompensated, if any) provided in fulfillment of the level of effort obligations of this contract. The Contractor shall indicate on each invoice the total level of effort claimed during the period covered by the invoice, separately identifying compensated effort and uncompensated effort, if any.
- (i) Within 45 days after completion of the work under each separately identified period of performance hereunder, the Contractor shall submit the following information in writing to the Contracting Officer with copies to the cognizant Contract Administration Office and to the DCAA office to which vouchers are submitted: (1) the total number of man-hours of direct labor expended during the applicable period; (2) a breakdown of this total showing the number of man-hours expended in each direct labor classification and associated direct and indirect costs; (3) a breakdown of other costs incurred; and (4) the Contractor's estimate of the total allowable cost incurred under the contract for the period. Within 45 days after completion of the work under the contract, the Contractor shall submit, in addition, in the case of a cost underrun; (5) the amount by which the estimated cost of this contract may be reduced to recover excess funds and, in the case of an underrun in hours specified as the total level of effort; and (6) a calculation of the appropriate fee reduction in accordance with this clause. All submissions shall include subcontractor information.
- (j) Unless the Contracting Officer determines that alternative worksite arrangements are detrimental to contract performance, the Contractor may perform up to 10% of the hours at an alternative worksite, provided the Contractor has a company-approved alternative worksite plan. The primary worksite is the traditional "main office" worksite. An alternative worksite means an employee's residence or a telecommuting center. A telecommuting center is a geographically convenient office setting as an alternative to an employee's main office. The Government reserves the right to review the Contractor's alternative worksite plan. In the event performance becomes unacceptable, the Contractor will be prohibited from counting the hours performed at the alternative worksite in fulfilling the total level of effort obligations of the contract. Regardless of work location, all contract terms and conditions, including security requirements and labor laws, remain in effect. The Government shall not incur any additional cost nor provide additional equipment for contract performance as a result of the Contractor's election to implement an alternative worksite plan.
- (k) Notwithstanding any of the provisions in the above paragraphs, the Contractor may furnish man-hours up to five percent in excess of the total man-hours specified in paragraph (a) above, provided that the additional effort is furnished within the term hereof, and provided further that no increase in the estimated cost or fee is required.

## 5252.232-9104 ALLOTMENT OF FUNDS (JAN 2008)

(a) This contract is incrementally funded with respect to both cost and fee. The amount(s) presently available and allotted to this contract for payment of fee for incrementally funded contract line item number/contract subline item number (CLIN/SLIN), subject to the clause entitled "FIXED FEE" (FAR 52.216-8) or "INCENTIVE FEE" (FAR 52.216-10), as appropriate, is specified below. The amount(s) presently available and allotted to this contract for payment of cost for incrementally funded CLINs/SLINs is set forth below. As provided in the clause of this contract entitled "LIMITATION OF FUNDS" (FAR 52.232-22), the CLINs/SLINs covered thereby, and the period of performance for which it is estimated the allotted amount(s) will cover are as follows:

(b) The parties contemplate that the Government will allot additional amounts to this contract from time to time for the incrementally funded CLINs/SLINs by unilateral contract modification, and any such modification shall state

separately the amount(s) allotted for cost, the amount(s) allotted for fee, the CLINs/SLINs covered thereby, and th
period of performance which the amount(s) are expected to cover.

- (c) CLINs/SLINs \_\_\_\_\_ are fully funded and performance under these CLINs/SLINs is subject to the clause of this contract entitled "LIMITATION OF COST" (FAR 52.232-20).
- (d) The Contractor shall segregate costs for the performance of incrementally funded CLINs/SLINs from the costs of performance of fully funded CLINs/SLINs.

# 5252.242-9115 TECHNICAL INSTRUCTIONS (APR 1999)

- (a) Performance of the work hereunder may be subject to written technical instructions signed by the Contracting Officer's Representative specified in Section G of this contract. As used herein, technical instructions are defined to include the following:
- (1) Directions to the Contractor which suggest pursuit of certain lines of inquiry, shift work emphasis, fill in details or otherwise serve to accomplish the contractual statement of work.
- (2) Guidelines to the Contractor which assist in the interpretation of drawings, specifications or technical portions of work description.
- (b) Technical instructions must be within the general scope of work stated in the contract. Technical instructions may not be used to: (1) assign additional work under the contract; (2) direct a change as defined in the "CHANGES" clause of this contract; (3) increase or decrease the contract price or estimated contract amount (including fee), as applicable, the level of effort, or the time required for contract performance; or (4) change any of the terms, conditions or specifications of the contract.
- (c) If, in the opinion of the Contractor, any technical instruction calls for effort outside the scope of the contract or is inconsistent with this requirement, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing within ten (10) working days after the receipt of any such instruction. The Contractor shall not proceed with the work affected by the technical instruction unless and until the Contractor is notified by the Contracting Officer that the technical instruction is within the scope of this contract.
- (d) Nothing in the foregoing paragraph shall be construed to excuse the Contractor from performing that portion of the contractual work statement which is not affected by the disputed technical instruction.

## 5252.245-9108 GOVERNMENT-FURNISHED PROPERTY (PERFORMANCE) (SEP 1990)

The Government will provide only that property set forth below, notwithstanding any term or condition of this contract to the contract. Upon Contractor's written request to the cognizant Technical Program Manager, via the cognizant Contract Administration Office, the Government will furnish the following for use in the performance of this contract:

\*To be identified in each applicable order.

#### 5252.245-9109 GOVERNMENT-FURNISHED PROPERTY (INCORPORATION) (SEP 1990)

The Government will provide only that property set forth below, notwithstanding any term or condition of this contract to the contract. Upon Contractor's written request to the cognizant Technical Program Manager, via the cognizant Contract Administration Office, the Government will furnish the following for incorporation in the equipment to be delivered under Item(s) of this contract:

\*To be identified in each applicable order.

# 5252.249-9106 MODIFICATION AND TERMINATION (BOA) (SEP 1990)

This agreement shall be reviewed at least annually and revised, on or before the anniversary of its effective date, to conform with all requirements of statutes, Executive Orders, or regulations. Termination, expiration or modification of this agreement shall not affect any orders issued under this agreement prior to such termination, expiration or modification.

# Section I - Contract Clauses

# CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

52.202-1	Definitions	JAN 2012
52.203-3	Gratuities	APR 1984
52.203-5	Covenant Against Contingent Fees	APR 1984
52.203-6	Restrictions On Subcontractor Sales To The Government	SEP 2006
52.203-7	Anti-Kickback Procedures	OCT 2010
52.203-8	Cancellation, Rescission, and Recovery of Funds for Illegal or	JAN 1997
	Improper Activity	
52.203-10	Price Or Fee Adjustment For Illegal Or Improper Activity	JAN 1997
52.203-12	Limitation On Payments To Influence Certain Federal	OCT 2010
	Transactions	
52.203-13	Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct	APR 2010
52.204-2	Security Requirements	AUG 1996
52.204-4	Printed or Copied Double-Sided on Postconsumer Fiber	MAY 2011
	Content Paper	
52.204-7	Central Contractor Registration	FEB 2012
52.204-10	Reporting Executive Compensation and First-Tier	FEB 2012
	Subcontract Awards	
52.209-6	Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting	DEC 2010
	With Contractors Debarred, Suspended, or Proposed for	
	Debarment Debarment	
52.209-9	Updates of Publicly Available Information Regarding	FEB 2012
	Responsibility Matters	1222012
52.209-10	Prohibition on Contracting With Inverted Domestic	MAY 2011
52.207 10	Corporations	WHIT 2011
52.210-1	Market Research	APR 2011
52.211-5	Material Requirements	AUG 2000
52.211-15	Defense Priority And Allocation Requirements	APR 2008
52.215-2	Audit and RecordsNegotiation	OCT 2010
52.215-8	Order of PrecedenceUniform Contract Format	OCT 1997
52.215-10		AUG 2011
52.215-10	Price Reduction for Defective Certified Cost of Pricing Data-	
32.213-11	Modifications	AUG 2011
52.215-12	Subcontractor Certified Cost or Pricing Data	OCT 2010
52.215-13	Subcontractor Certified Cost or Pricing DataModifications	OCT 2010
52.215-14	Integrity of Unit Prices	OCT 2010
52.215-15	Pension Adjustments and Asset Reversions	OCT 2010
52.215-18	Reversion or Adjustment of Plans for Postretirement Benefits	
32,213-16		JUL 2005
52 215 10	(PRB) Other than Pensions	OCT 1007
52.215-19	Notification of Ownership Changes	OCT 1997
52.215-21	Requirements for Certified Cost or Pricing Data or	OCT 2010
	Information Other Than Certified Cost or Pricing Data-	
	Modifications	
52.215-21 Alt II		OCT 1997
	Than Cost or Pricing DataModifications (Oct 2010) -	
	Alternate II	
52.215-23	Limitations on Pass-Through Charges	OCT 2009
52.216-7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	JUN 2011
52.216-8		JUN 2011
52.216-11		APR 1984
52.216-24	Limitation Of Government Liability	APR 1984

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52.219-8	Utilization of Small Business Concerns	JAN 2011	
52.219-9	Small Business Subcontracting Plan		
52.219-9 Alt II	Small Business Subcontracting Plan (JAN 2011) Alternate II	OCT 2001	
52.219-16	Liquidated Damages-Subcontracting Plan	JAN 1999	
52.219-25	Small Disadvantaged Business Participation Program	DEC 2010	
	Disadvantaged Status and Reporting		
52.222-3	Convict Labor	JUN 2003	
52.222-19	Child Labor Cooperation with Authorities and Remedies	MAR 2012	
52.222-20	Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act	OCT 2010	
52.222-21	Prohibition Of Segregated Facilities	FEB 1999	
52.222-26	Equal Opportunity	MAR 2007	
52.222-29	Notification Of Visa Denial	JUN 2003	
52.222-35	Equal Opportunity for Veterans	SEP 2010	
52.222-36	Affirmative Action For Workers With Disabilities	OCT 2010	
52.222-37	Employment Reports on Veterans	SEP 2010	
52.222-40	Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor	DEC 2010	
	Relations Act		
52.222-50	Combating Trafficking in Persons	FEB 2009	
52.222-54	Employment Eligibility Verification	JAN 2009	
52.223-6	Drug-Free Workplace	MAY 2001	
52.223-12	Refrigeration Equipment and Air Conditioners	MAY 1995	
52.223-18	Encouraging Contractor Policies To Ban Text Messaging	AUG 2011	
	While Driving		
52.225-13	Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases	JUN 2008	
52.225-18	Place of Manufacture	SEP 2006	
52.225-25	Prohibition on Engaging in Sanctioned Activities Relating to	NOV 2011	
	IranCertification.		
52.227-1	Authorization and Consent	DEC 2007	
52.227-2	Notice And Assistance Regarding Patent And Copyright	DEC 2007	
	Infringement		
52.227-10	Filing Of Patent ApplicationsClassified Subject Matter	<b>DEC 2007</b>	
52.227-11	Patent RightsOwnership By The Contractor	<b>DEC 2007</b>	
52.227-14	Rights in DataGeneral		
52,227-21	Technical Data Certification, Revision, and Withholding of		
	PaymentMajor Systems		
52.227-22	Major SystemMinimum Rights	JUN 1987	
52.228-7	InsuranceLiability To Third Persons	MAR 1996	
52.229-3	Federal, State And Local Taxes	APR 2003	
52.229-4	Federal, State, And Local Taxes (State and Local	APR 2003	
	Adjustments)		
52.230-2	Cost Accounting Standards	MAY 2012	
52.230-3	Disclosure And Consistency Of Cost Accounting Practices	MAY 2012	
52.230-6	Administration of Cost Accounting Standards	JUN 2010	
52.232-1	Payments	APR 1984	
52.232-8	Discounts For Prompt Payment	FEB 2002	
52.232-9	Limitation On Withholding Of Payments	APR 1984	
52.232-11	Extras	APR 1984	
52.232-17	Interest	OCT 2010	
52.232-18	Availability Of Funds	APR 1984	
52.232-20	Limitation Of Cost	APR 1984	
52.232-22	Limitation Of Funds	APR 1984	
52.232-23	Assignment Of Claims	JAN 1986	
52.232-25	Prompt Payment	OCT 2008	
52.232-25 Alt I	Prompt Payment (Oct 2008) Alternate I	FEB 2002	

52.232-33	Payment by Electronic Funds TransferCentral Contractor	OCT 2003
52 222 1	Registration	TT 8000
52.233-1	Disputes	JUL 2002
52.233-1 Alt I	Disputes (Jul 2002) - Alternate I	DEC 1991
52.233-3	Protest After Award	AUG 1996
52.233-3 Alt I	Protest After Award (Aug 1996) - Alternate I	JUN 1985
52.234-1	Industrial Resources Developed Under Defense Production	DEC 1994
52 227 2	Act Title III	14311001
52.237-3	Continuity Of Services Notice of Intent to Disallow Costs	JAN 1991
52.242-1 52.242-3		APR 1984
	Penalties for Unallowable Costs	MAY 2001
52.242-13 52.242-17	Bankruptcy	JUL 1995
52.243-1	Government Delay Of Work ChangesFixed Price	APR 1984
52.243-1 Alt I		AUG 1987
	ChangesFixed Price (Aug 1987) - Alternate I ChangesFixed-Price (Aug 1987) - Alternate II	APR 1984
52.243-1 Alt II		APR 1984
52.243-1 Alt V 52.243-2	ChangesFixed-Price (Aug 1987) - Alternate V ChangesCost-Reimbursement	APR 1984
52.243-2 52.243-2 Alt I		AUG 1987
	ChangesCost-Reimbursement (Aug 1987) - Alternate I	APR 1984
52.243-2 Alt II	ChangesCost Reimbursement (Aug 1987) - Alternate II	APR 1984
52.243-2 Alt V	ChangesCost-Reimbursement (Aug 1987) - Alternate V	APR 1984
52.243-6	Change Order Accounting	APR 1984
52.243-7 52.244-2	Notification Of Changes	APR 1984
	Subcontracts	OCT 2010
52.244-5	Competition In Subcontracting	DEC 1996
52.245-1	Government Property	APR 2012
52.245-9	Use And Charges	APR 2012
52.246-23 52.246-24	Limitation Of Liability	FEB 1997
	Limitation Of Liability-High-Value Items	FEB 1997
52.246-24 Alt I	Limitation Of LiabilityHigh Value Items (Feb 1997) -	APR 1984
52.246-25	Alternate I Limitation Of LiabilityServices	FFD 1007
52.247-1		FEB 1997
52.247-1 52.247-68	Commercial Bill Of Lading Notations	FEB 2006
52.249-2	Report of Shipment (REPSHIP)	FEB 2006
32.249-2	Termination For Convenience Of The Government (Fixed-Price)	APR 2012
52,249-4	Termination For Convenience Of The Government (Services	A DD 1004
32,247-4	(Short Form)	APR 1904
52.249-6	Termination (Cost Reimbursement)	MAY 2004
52.249-8		APR 1984
52.249-14	Default (Fixed-Price Supply & Service) Excusable Delays	
52.251-1	Government Supply Sources	APR 1984
52.253-1	Computer Generated Forms	APR 2012
252.201-7000	Contracting Officer's Representative	JAN 1991 DEC 1991
252.201-7000		
232.203-7000	Requirements Relating to Compensation of Former DoD Officials	SEP 2011
252.203-7001	Prohibition On Persons Convicted of Fraud or Other Defense	DEC 2000
232.203-7001	Contract-Related Felonies	- DEC 2008
252 202 7002		TANI 2000
252.203-7002	Requirement to Inform Employees of Whistleblower Rights	JAN 2009
252.203-7003	Agency Office of the Inspector General	APR 2012
252.203-7004	Display of Fraud Hotline Poster	SEP 2011
252.203-7005	Representation Relating to Compensation of Former DoD Officials	NOV 2011
252 204 7000		DEC 1001
252.204-7000	Disclosure Of Information	DEC 1991
252.204-7002	Payment For Subline Items Not Separately Priced	DEC 1991

252.204-7003	Control Of Government Personnel Work Product	APR 1992
252.204-7004 Alt A	Central Contractor Registration Alternate A	SEP 2007
252.204-7005	Oral Attestation of Security Responsibilities	NOV 2001
252.204-7008	Export-Controlled Items	APR 2010
252.205-7000	Provision Of Information To Cooperative Agreement Holders	DEC 1991
	Disclosure of Ownership or Control by the Government of a	JAN 2009
	Terrorist Country	
	Subcontracting With Firms That Are Owned or Controlled By	DEC 2006
	The Government of a Terrorist Country	220 2000
	Acquisition Streamlining	OCT 2010
	Pricing Adjustments	DEC 1991
	Cost Estimating System Requirements	FEB 2012
	Small Business Subcontracting Plan (DOD Contracts)	SEP 2011
	Small Business Subcontracting Plan (Test Program)	JAN 2011
	Restrictions on the Use of Mandatory Arbitration Agreements	
	Drug Free Work Force	SEP 1988
	_	
	Buy American Act And Balance Of Payments Program	OCT 2011
	Qualifying Country Sources As Subcontractors	APR 2003
	Report of Intended Performance Outside the United States	OCT 2010
	and CanadaSubmission after Award	
	Quarterly Reporting of Actual Contract Performance Outside	OCT 2010
	the United States	
	Preference For Certain Domestic Commodities	JUN 2010
	Duty-Free Entry	DEC 2009
	Restriction On Acquisition Of Ball and Roller Bearings	JUN 2011
	Secondary Arab Boycott Of Israel	JUN 2005
252.226-7001	Utilization of Indian Organizations and Indian-Owned	SEP 2004
	Economic Enterprises, and Native Hawaiian Small Business	
	Concerns	
252.227-7013	Rights in Technical DataNoncommercial Items	FEB 2012
252.227-7014	Rights in Noncommercial Computer Software and	FEB 2012
	Noncommercial Computer Software Documentation	
	Technical DataCommercial Items	DEC 2011
252.227-7016	Rights in Bid or Proposal Information	JAN 2011
	Validation of Asserted RestrictionsComputer Software	SEP 2011
	Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-	MAR 2011
	Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends	
	Technical Data or Computer Software Previously Delivered	JUN 1995
	to the Government	
	Technical DataWithholding Of Payment	MAR 2000
	Validation of Restrictive Markings on Technical Data	APR 2012
	Supplemental Cost Principles	DEC 1991
	Electronic Submission of Payment Requests and Receiving	MAR 2008
	Reports	WD 44C 2000
	DOD Progress Payment Rates	OCT 2001
	Limitation Of Government's Obligation	MAY 2006
	Levies on Contract Payments	
		DEC 2006 JAN 2008
	Application For U.S. Government Shipping	DEC 1991
		DEC 1991
	Documentation/Instructions	34437 2011
	Material Management And Accounting System	MAY 2011
	Contractor Business Systems	FEB 2012
	Accounting System Administration	FEB 2012
	Pricing Of Contract Modifications	DEC 1991
252.243-7002	Requests for Equitable Adjustment	MAR 1998

252.244-7000	Subcontracts for Commercial Items and Commercial	SEP 2011
252.244-7001	Components (DoD Contracts)	M 4 3 2 20 1 1
	Contractor Purchasing System Administration	MAY 2011
252.245-7001	Tagging, Labeling, and Marking of Government-Furnished Property	FEB 2011
252.245-7002	Reporting Loss of Government Property	FEB 2011
252.245-7003	Contractor Property Management System Administration	FEB 2012
252.246-7001	Warranty Of Data	DEC 1991
252.246-7003	Notification of Potential Safety Issues	JAN 2007
252.247-7023	Transportation of Supplies by Sea	MAY 2002
252.247-7024	Notification Of Transportation Of Supplies By Sea	MAR 2000
252.249-7002	Notification of Anticipated Contract Termination or Reduction	OCT 2010

#### CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

## 52.219-28 POST-AWARD SMALL BUSINESS PROGRAM REREPRESENTATION (APR 2009)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

Long-term contract means a contract of more than five years in duration, including options. However, the term does not include contracts that exceed five years in duration because the period of performance has been extended for a cumulative period not to exceed six months under the clause at 52.217-8, Option to Extend Services, or other appropriate authority.

Small business concern means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in 13 CFR part 121 and the size standard in paragraph (c) of this clause. Such a concern is "not dominant in its field of operation" when it does not exercise a controlling or major influence on a national basis in a kind of business activity in which a number of business concerns are primarily engaged. In determining whether dominance exists, consideration shall be given to all appropriate factors, including volume of business, number of employees, financial resources, competitive status or position, ownership or control of materials, processes, patents, license agreements, facilities, sales territory, and nature of business activity.

- (b) If the Contractor represented that it was a small business concern prior to award of this contract, the Contractor shall rerepresent its size status according to paragraph (e) of this clause or, if applicable, paragraph (g) of this clause, upon the occurrence of any of the following:
- (1) Within 30 days after execution of a novation agreement or within 30 days after modification of the contract to include this clause, if the novation agreement was executed prior to inclusion of this clause in the contract.
- (2) Within 30 days after a merger or acquisition that does not require a novation or within 30 days after modification of the contract to include this clause, if the merger or acquisition occurred prior to inclusion of this clause in the contract.
- (3) For long-term contracts--
- (i) Within 60 to 120 days prior to the end of the fifth year of the contract; and
- (ii) Within 60 to 120 days prior to the date specified in the contract for exercising any option thereafter.
- (c) The Contractor shall rerepresent its size status in accordance with the size standard in effect at the time of this rerepresentation that corresponds to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code assigned to

this contract. The small business size standard corresponding to this NAICS code can be found at http://www.sba.gov/services/contractingopportunities/sizestandardstopics/.

- (d) The small business size standard for a Contractor providing a product which it does not manufacture itself, for a contract other than a construction or service contract, is 500 employees.
- (e) Except as provided in paragraph (g) of this clause, the Contractor shall make the rerepresentation required by paragraph (b) of this clause by validating or updating all its representations in the Online Representations and Certifications Application and its data in the Central Contractor Registration, as necessary, to ensure that they reflect the Contractor's current status. The Contractor shall notify the contracting office in writing within the timeframes specified in paragraph (b) of this clause that the data have been validated or updated, and provide the date of the validation or update.
- (f) If the Contractor represented that it was other than a small business concern prior to award of this contract, the Contractor may, but is not required to, take the actions required by paragraphs (e) or (g) of this clause.
- (g) If the Contractor does not have representations and certifications in ORCA, or does not have a representation in ORCA for the NAICS code applicable to this contract, the Contractor is required to complete the following rerepresentation and submit it to the contracting office, along with the contract number and the date on which the rerepresentation was completed:

The Contractor represents that it ( ) is, ( ) is not a small business concern under NAICS Code - assigned to contract number .

(Contractor to sign and date and insert authorized signer's name and title).

(End of clause)

#### 52.222-2 PAYMENT FOR OVERTIME PREMIUMS (JUL 1990)

- (a) The use of overtime is authorized under this contract if the overtime premium cost does not exceed \$0 or the overtime premium is paid for work --
- (1) Necessary to cope with emergencies such as those resulting from accidents, natural disasters, breakdowns of production equipment, or occasional production bottlenecks of a sporadic nature;
- (2) By indirect-labor employees such as those performing duties in connection with administration, protection, transportation, maintenance, standby plant protection, operation of utilities, or accounting;
- (3) To perform tests, industrial processes, laboratory procedures, loading or unloading of transportation conveyances, and operations in flight or afloat that are continuous in nature and cannot reasonably be interrupted or completed otherwise; or
- (4) That will result in lower overall costs to the Government.
- (b) Any request for estimated overtime premiums that exceeds the amount specified above shall include all estimated overtime for contract completion and shall--
- (1) Identify the work unit; e.g., department or section in which the requested overtime will be used, together with present workload, staffing, and other data of the affected unit sufficient to permit the Contracting Officer to evaluate the necessity for the overtime;

- (2) Demonstrate the effect that denial of the request will have on the contract delivery or performance schedule;
- (3) Identify the extent to which approval of overtime would affect the performance or payments in connection with other Government contracts, together with identification of each affected contract; and
- (4) Provide reasons why the required work cannot be performed by using multishift operations or by employing additional personnel.
- \* Insert either "zero" or the dollar amount agreed to during negotiations. The inserted figure does not apply to the exceptions in paragraph (a)(1) through (a)(4) of the clause.

(End of clause)

# 52.232-16 PROGRESS PAYMENTS (AUG 2010) ALTERNATE III (APR 2003)

The Government will make progress payments to the Contractor when requested as work progresses, but not more frequently than monthly, in amounts of \$2,500 or more approved by the Contracting Officer, under the following conditions:

- (a) Computation of amounts. (1) Unless the Contractor requests a smaller amount, the Government will compute each progress payment as 80 percent of the Contractor's total costs incurred under this contract whether or not actually paid, plus financing payments to subcontractors (see paragraph (j) of this clause), less the sum of all previous progress payments made by the Government under this contract. The Contracting Officer will consider cost of money that would be allowable under FAR 31.205-10 as an incurred cost for progress payment purposes.
- (2) The amount of financing and other payments for supplies and services purchased directly for the contract are limited to the amounts that have been paid by cash, check, or other forms of payment, or that are determined due and will be paid to subcontractors—
- (i) In accordance with the terms and conditions of a subcontract or invoice; and
- (ii) Ordinarily within 30 days of the submission of the Contractor's payment request to the Government.
- (3) The Government will exclude accrued costs of Contractor contributions under employee pension plans until actually paid unless--
- (i) The Contractor's practice is to make contributions to the retirement fund quarterly or more frequently; and
- (ii) The contribution does not remain unpaid 30 days after the end of the applicable quarter or shorter payment period (any contribution remaining unpaid shall be excluded from the Contractor's total costs for progress payments until paid).
- (4) The Contractor shall not include the following in total costs for progress payment purposes in paragraph (a)(1) of this clause:
- (i) Costs that are not reasonable, allocable to this contract, and consistent with sound and generally accepted accounting principles and practices.
- (ii) Costs incurred by subcontractors or suppliers.
- (iii) Costs ordinarily capitalized and subject to depreciation or amortization except for the properly depreciated or amortized portion of such costs.

- (iv) Payments made or amounts payable to subcontractors or suppliers, except for --
- (A) completed work, including partial deliveries, to which the Contractor has acquired title; and
- (B) Work under cost-reimbursement or time-and-material subcontracts to which the Contractor has acquired title.
- (5) The amount of unliquidated progress payments may exceed neither
- (i) the progress payments made against incomplete work (including allowable unliquidated progress payments to subcontractors) nor
- (ii) the value, for progress payment purposes, of the incomplete work. Incomplete work shall be considered to be the supplies and services required by this contract, for which delivery and invoicing by the Contractor and acceptance by the Government are incomplete.
- (6) The total amount of progress payments shall not exceed 80 percent of the total contract price.
- (7) If a progress payment or the unliquidated progress payments exceed the amounts permitted by subparagraphs (a)(4) or (a)(5) of this clause, the Contractor shall repay the amount of such excess to the Government on demand.
- (8) Notwithstanding any other terms of the contract, the Contractor agrees not to request progress payments in dollar amounts of less than \$2,500. The Contracting Officer may make exceptions.
- (9) The costs applicable to items delivered, invoiced, and accepted shall not include costs in excess of the contract price of the items.
- (b) Liquidation. Except as provided in the Termination for Convenience of the Government clause, all progress payments shall be liquidated by deducting from any payment under this contract, other than advance or progress payments, the unliquidated progress payments, or 80 percent of the amount invoiced, whichever is less. The Contractor shall repay to the Government any amounts required by a retroactive price reduction, after computing liquidations and payments on past invoices at the reduced prices and adjusting the unliquidated progress payments accordingly. The Government reserves the right to unilaterally change from the ordinary liquidation rate to an alternate rate when deemed appropriate for proper contract financing.
- (c) Reduction or suspension. The Contracting Officer may reduce or suspend progress payments, increase the rate of liquidation, or take a combination of these actions, after finding on substantial evidence any of the following conditions:
- (1) The Contractor failed to comply with any material requirement of this contract (which includes paragraphs (f) and (g) of this clause).
- (2) Performance of this contract is endangered by the Contractor's --
- (i) Failure to make progress or
- (ii) Unsatisfactory financial condition.
- (3) Inventory allocated to this contract substantially exceeds reasonable requirements.
- (4) The Contractor is delinquent in payment of the costs of performing this contract in the ordinary course of business.
- (5) The fair value of the undelivered work is less than the amount of unliquidated progress payments for that work.
- (6) The Contractor is realizing less profit than that reflected in the establishment of any alternate liquidation rate in

paragraph (b) of this clause, and that rate is less than the progress payment rate stated in subparagraph (a)(1) of this clause.

- (d) Title.
- (1) Title to the property described in this paragraph (d) shall vest in the Government. Vestiture shall be immediately upon the date of this contract, for property acquired or produced before that date. Otherwise, vestiture shall occur when the property is or should have been allocable or properly chargeable to this contract.
- (2) "Property," as used in this clause, includes all of the below-described items acquired or produced by the Contractor that are or should be allocable or properly chargeable to this contract under sound and generally accepted accounting principles and practices.
- (i) Parts, materials, inventories, and work in process;
- (ii) Special tooling and special test equipment to which the Government is to acquire title;
- (iii) Nondurable (i.e., noncapital) tools, jigs, dies, fixtures, molds, patterns, taps, gauges, test equipment, and other similar manufacturing aids, title to which would not be obtained as special tooling under paragraph (d)(2)(ii) above; and
- (iv) Drawings and technical data, to the extent the Contractor or subcontractors are required to deliver them to the Government by other clauses of this contract.
- (3) Although title to property is in the Government under this clause, other applicable clauses of this contract; e.g., the termination clauses, shall determine the handling and disposition of the property.
- (4) The Contractor may sell any scrap resulting from production under this contract without requesting the Contracting Officer's approval, but the proceeds shall be credited against the costs of performance.
- (5) To acquire for its own use or dispose of property to which title is vested in the Government under this clause, the Contractor must obtain the Contracting Officer's advance approval of the action and the terms. The Contractor shall (i) exclude the allocable costs of the property from the costs of contract performance, and (ii) repay to the Government any amount of unliquidated progress payments allocable to the property. Repayment may be by cash or credit memorandum.
- (6) When the Contractor completes all of the obligations under this contract, including liquidation of all progress payments, title shall vest in the Contractor for all property (or the proceeds thereof) not--
- (i) Delivered to, and accepted by, the Government under this contract; or
- (ii) Incorporated in supplies delivered to, and accepted by, the Government under this contract and to which title is vested in the Government under this clause.
- (7) The terms of this contract concerning liability for Government-furnished property shall not apply to property to which the Government acquired title solely under this clause.
- (e) Risk of loss. Before delivery to and acceptance by the Government, the Contractor shall bear the risk of loss for property, the title to which vests in the Government under this clause, except to the extent the Government expressly assumes the risk. The Contractor shall repay the Government an amount equal to the unliquidated progress payments that are based on costs allocable to property that is lost, stolen, damaged, or destroyed.
- (f) Control of costs and property. The Contractor shall maintain an accounting system and controls adequate for the proper administration of this clause.

- (g) Reports, forms, and access to records. (1) The Contractor shall promptly furnish reports, certificates, financial statements, and other pertinent information (including estimates to complete) reasonably requested by the Contracting Officer for the administration of this clause. Also, the Contractor shall give the Government reasonable opportunity to examine and verify the Contractor's books, records, and accounts.
- (2) The Contractor shall furnish estimates to complete that have been developed or updated within six months of the date of the progress payment request. The estimates to complete shall represent the Contractor's best estimate of total costs to complete all remaining contract work required under the contract. The estimates shall include sufficient detail to permit Government verification.
- (3) Each Contractor request for progress payment shall:
- (i) Be submitted on Standard Form 1443, Contractor's Request for Progress Payment, or the electronic equivalent as required by agency regulations, in accordance with the form instructions and the contract terms; and
- (ii) Include any additional supporting documentation requested by the Contracting Officer.
- (h) Special terms regarding default. If this contract is terminated under the Default clause, (i) the Contractor shall, on demand, repay to the Government the amount of unliquidated progress payments and (ii) title shall vest in the Contractor, on full liquidation of progress payments, for all property for which the Government elects not to require delivery under the Default clause. The Government shall be liable for no payment except as provided by the Default clause.
- (i) Reservations of rights.
- (1) No payment or vesting of title under this clause shall
- (i) Excuse the Contractor from performance of obligations under this contract or
- (ii) Constitute a waiver of any of the rights or remedies of the parties under the contract.
- (2) The Government's rights and remedies under this clause (i) shall not be exclusive but rather shall be in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or this contract and (ii) shall not be affected by delayed, partial, or omitted exercise of any right, remedy, power, or privilege, nor shall such exercise or any single exercise preclude or impair any further exercise under this clause or the exercise of any other right, power, or privilege of the Government.
- (j) Financing payments to subcontractors. The financing payments to subcontractors mentioned in paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this clause shall be all financing payments to subcontractors or divisions, if the following conditions are met:
- (1) The amounts included are limited to--
- (i) The unliquidated remainder of financing payments made; plus
- (ii) Any unpaid subcontractor requests for financing payments.
- (2) The subcontract or interdivisional order is expected to involve a minimum of approximately 6 months between the beginning of work and the first delivery; or, if the subcontractor is a small business concern, 4 months.
- (3) If the financing payments are in the form of progress payments, the terms of the subcontract or interdivisional order concerning progress payments--
- (i) Are substantially similar to the terms of this clause for any subcontractor that is a large business concern, or this clause with its Alternate I for any subcontractor that is a small business concern;

- (ii) Are at least as favorable to the Government as the terms of this clause;
- (iii) Are not more favorable to the subcontractor or division than the terms of this clause are to the Contractor;
- (iv) Are in conformance with the requirements of FAR 32.504(e); and
- (v) Subordinate all subcontractor rights concerning property to which the Government has title under the subcontract to the Government's right to require delivery of the property to the Government if--
- (A) The Contractor defaults; or
- (B) The subcontractor becomes bankrupt or insolvent.
- (4) If the financing payments are in the form of performance-based payments, the terms of the subcontract or interdivisional order concerning payments--
- (i) Are substantially similar to the Performance-Based Payments clause at FAR 52.232-32 and meet the criteria for, and definition of, performance-based payments in FAR Part 32;
- (ii) Are in conformance with the requirements of FAR 32.504(f); and
- (iii) Subordinate all subcontractor rights concerning property to which the Government has title under the subcontract to the Government's right to require delivery of the property to the Government if—
- (A) The Contractor defaults; or
- (B) The subcontractor becomes bankrupt or insolvent.
- (5) If the financing payments are in the form of commercial item financing payments, the terms of the subcontract or interdivisional order concerning payments--
- (i) Are constructed in accordance with FAR 32.206(c) and included in a subcontract for a commercial item purchase that meets the definition and standards for acquisition of commercial items in FAR Parts 2 and 12;
- (ii) Are in conformance with the requirements of FAR 32.504(g); and
- (iii) Subordinate all subcontractor rights concerning property to which the Government has title under the subcontract to the Government's right to require delivery of the property to the Government if--
- (A) The Contractor defaults; or
- (B) The subcontractor becomes bankrupt or insolvent.
- (6) If financing is in the form of progress payments, the progress payment rate in the subcontract is the customary rate used by the contracting agency, depending on whether the subcontractor is or is not a small business concern.
- (7) Concerning any proceeds received by the Government for property to which title has vested in the Government under the subcontract terms, the parties agree that the proceeds shall be applied to reducing any unliquidated financing payments by the Government to the Contractor under this contract.
- (8) If no unliquidated financing payments to the Contractor remain, but there are unliquidated financing payments that the Contractor has made to any subcontractor, the Contractor shall be subrogated to all the rights the Government obtained through the terms required by this clause to be in any subcontract, as if all such rights had been assigned and transferred to the Contractor.

- (9) To facilitate small business participation in subcontracting under this contract, the Contractor shall provide financing payments to small business concerns, in conformity with the standards for customary contract financing payments stated in Subpart 32.113. The Contractor shall not consider the need for such financing payments as a handicap or adverse factor in the award of subcontracts.
- (k) Limitations on undefinitized contract actions. Notwithstanding any other progress payment provisions in this contract, progress payments may not exceed 80 percent of costs incurred on work accomplished under undefinitized contract actions. A "contract action" is any action resulting in a contract, as defined in Subpart 2.1, including contract modifications for additional supplies or services, but not including contract modifications that are within the scope and under the terms of the contract, such as contract modifications issued pursuant to the Changes clause, or funding and other administrative changes. This limitation shall apply to the costs incurred, as computed in accordance with paragraph (a) of this clause, and shall remain in effect until the contract action is definitized. Costs incurred which are subject to this limitation shall be segregated on Contractor progress payment requests and invoices from those costs eligible for higher progress payment rates. For purposes of progress payment liquidation, as described in paragraph (b) of this clause, progress payments for undefinitized contract actions shall be liquidated at 80 percent of the amount invoiced for work performed under the undefinitized contract action as long as the contract action remains undefinitized. The amount of unliquidated progress payments for undefinitized contract actions shall not exceed 80 percent of the maximum liability of the Government under the undefinitized contract action or such lower limit specified elsewhere in the contract. Separate limits may be specified for separate actions.
- (l) Due date. The designated payment office will make progress payments on the TBD (Contracting Officer insert date as prescribed by agency head; if not prescribed, insert "30th") day after the designated billing office receives a proper progress payment request. In the event that the Government requires an audit or other review of a specific progress payment request to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions of the contract, the designated payment office is not compelled to make payment by the specified due date. Progress payments are considered contract financing and are not subject to the interest penalty provisions of the Prompt Payment Act.
- (m) Progress payments under indefinite--delivery contracts. The Contractor shall account for and submit progress payment requests under individual orders as if the order constituted a separate contract, unless otherwise specified in this contract.
- (n) The provisions of this clause will not be applicable to individual orders at or below the simplified acquisition threshold.

(End of clause)

#### 52.233-2 SERVICE OF PROTEST (SEP 2006)

(a) Protests, as defined in section 33.101 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, that are filed directly with an agency, and copies of any protests that are filed with the Government Accountability Office (GAO), shall be served on the Contracting Officer (addressed as follows) by obtaining written and dated acknowledgment of receipt from

CONTRACTING OFFICER
CODE:
NAVAL SURFACE WARFARE CENTER
PANAMA CITY DIVISION
110 Vernon Avenue
PANAMA CITY, FL 32407-7001
Telephone No.
Email:

(b) The copy of any protest shall be received in the office designated above within one day of filing a protest with the GAO.

(End of provision)

# 52.233-4 APPLICABLE LAW FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT CLAIM (OCT 2004)

United States law will apply to resolve any claim of breach of this contract.

(End of clause)

# 52.244-6 SUBCONTRACTS FOR COMMERCIAL ITEMS (DEC 2010)

(a) Definitions.

"Commercial item", has the meaning contained in Federal Acquisition Regulation 2.101, Definitions.

- "Subcontract", includes a transfer of commercial items between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of the Contractor or subcontractor at any tier.
- (b) To the maximum extent practicable, the Contractor shall incorporate, and require its subcontractors at all tiers to incorporate, commercial items or nondevelopmental items as components of items to be supplied under this contract.
- (c) (1) The Contractor shall insert the following clauses in subcontracts for commercial items:
- (i) 52.203-13, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (APR 2010) (Pub. L. 110-252, Title VI, Chapter 1 (41 U.S.C. 251 note)), if the subcontract exceeds \$5,000,000 and has a performance period of ore than 120 days. In altering this clause to identify the appropriate parties, all disclosures of violation of the civil False Claims Act or of Federal criminal law shall be directed to the agency Office of the Inspector General, with a copy to the Contracting Officer.
- (ii) 52.203-15, Whistleblower Protections Under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (JUN 2010) (Section 1553 of Pub. L. 111-5), if the subcontract is funded under the Recovery Act.
- (iii) 52.219-8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Dec 2010) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2) and (3)), if the subcontract offers further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds \$650,000 (\$1.5 million for construction of any public facility), the subcontractor must include 52.219-8 in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.
- (iv) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (MAR 2007) (E.O. 11246).
- (v) 52.222-35, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (SEP 2010) (38 U.S.C. 4212(a));
- (vi) 52.222-36, Affirmative Action for Workers with Disabilities (OCT 2010) (29 U.S.C. 793).
- (vii) 52.222-40, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (DEC 2010) (E.O. 13496), if flow down is required in accordance with paragraph (f) of FAR clause 52.222-40.
- (viii) 52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons (FEB 2009) (22 U.S.C. 7104(g)).

- (ix) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (Feb 2006) (46 U.S.C. App. 1241 and 10 U.S.C. 2631), if flow down is required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause 52.247-64.
- (2) While not required, the Contractor may flow down to subcontracts for commercial items a minimal number of additional clauses necessary to satisfy its contractual obligations.
- (d) The Contractor shall include the terms of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in subcontracts awarded under this contract.

(End of clause)

# 52.247-1 COMMERCIAL BILL OF LADING NOTATIONS (FEB 2006)

When the Contracting Officer authorizes supplies to be shipped on a commercial bill of lading and the Contractor will be reimbursed these transportation costs as direct allowable costs, the Contractor shall ensure before shipment is made that the commercial shipping documents are annotated with either of the following notations, as appropriate:

(a) If the Government is shown as the consignor or the consignee, the annotation shall be:
"Transportation is for the and the actual total transportation charges paid to the carrier(s) by the consignor or consignee are assignable to, and shall be reimbursed by, the Government."
(b) If the Government is not shown as the consignor or the consignee, the annotation shall be:
"Transportation is for the and the actual total transportation charges paid to the carrier(s) by the consignor or consignee shall be reimbursed by the Government, pursuant to cost-reimbursement contract no This may be confirmed by contacting"
(End of clause)

#### 52.248-1 VALUE ENGINEERING (OCT 2010)

- (a) General. The Contractor is encouraged to develop, prepare, and submit value engineering change proposals (VECP's) voluntarily. The Contractor shall share in any net acquisition savings realized from accepted VECP's, in accordance with the incentive sharing rates in paragraph (f) below.
- (b) Definitions. "Acquisition savings," as used in this clause, means savings resulting from the application of a VECP to contracts awarded by the same contracting office or its successor for essentially the same unit. Acquisition savings include--
- (1) Instant contract savings, which are the net cost reductions on this, the instant contract, and which are equal to the instant unit cost reduction multiplied by the number of instant contract units affected by the VECP, less the Contractor's allowable development and implementation costs;
- (2) Concurrent contract savings, which are net reductions in the prices of other contracts that are definitized and ongoing at the time the VECP is accepted; and
- (3) Future contract savings, which are the product of the future unit cost reduction multiplied by the number of future contract units in the sharing base. On an instant contract, future contract savings include savings on increases in quantities after VECP acceptance that are due to contract modifications, exercise of options, additional orders, and funding of subsequent year requirements on a multiyear contract.

"Collateral costs," as used in this clause, means agency cost of operation, maintenance, logistic support, or Government-furnished property.

"Collateral savings," as used in this clause, means those measurable net reductions resulting from a VECP in the agency's overall projected collateral costs, exclusive of acquisition savings, whether or not the acquisition cost changes.

"Contracting office" includes any contracting office that the acquisition is transferred to, such as another branch of the agency or another agency's office that is performing a joint acquisition action.

"Contractor's development and implementation costs," as used in this clause, means those costs the Contractor incurs on a VECP specifically in developing, testing, preparing, and submitting the VECP, as well as those costs the Contractor incurs to make the contractual changes required by Government acceptance of a VECP.

"Future unit cost reduction," as used in this clause, means the instant unit cost reduction adjusted as the Contracting Officer considers necessary for projected learning or changes in quantity during the sharing period. It is calculated at the time the VECP is accepted and applies either (1) throughout the sharing period, unless the Contracting Officer decides that recalculation is necessary because conditions are significantly different from those previously anticipated or (2) to the calculation of a lump-sum payment, which cannot later be revised.

"Government costs," as used in this clause, means those agency costs that result directly from developing and implementing the VECP, such as any net increases in the cost of testing, operations, maintenance, and logistics support. The term does not include the normal administrative costs of processing the VECP or any increase in this contract's cost or price resulting from negative instant contract savings.

"Instant contract," as used in this clause, means this contract, under which the VECP is submitted. It does not include increases in quantities after acceptance of the VECP that are due to contract modifications, exercise of options, or additional orders. If this is a multiyear contract, the term does not include quantities funded after VECP acceptance. If this contract is a fixed-price contract with prospective price redetermination, the term refers to the period for which firm prices have been established.

"Instant unit cost reduction" means the amount of the decrease in unit cost of performance (without deducting any Contractor's development or implementation costs) resulting from using the VECP on this, the instant contract. If this is a service contract, the instant unit cost reduction is normally equal to the number of hours per line-item task saved by using the VECP on this contract, multiplied by the appropriate contract labor rate.

"Negative instant contract savings" means the increase in the cost or price of this contract when the acceptance of a VECP results in an excess of the Contractor's allowable development and implementation costs over the product of the instant unit cost reduction multiplied by the number of instant contract units affected.

"Net acquisition savings" means total acquisition savings, including instant, concurrent, and future contract savings, less Government costs.

"Sharing base," as used in this clause, means the number of affected end items on contracts of the contracting office accepting the VECP.

Sharing period, as used in this clause, means the period beginning with acceptance of the first unit incorporating the VECP and ending at a calendar date or event determined by the contracting officer for each VECP.

"Unit," as used in this clause, means the item or task to which the Contracting Officer and the Contractor agree the VECP applies.

"Value engineering change proposal (VECP)" means a proposal that--

- (1) Requires a change to this, the instant contract, to implement; and
- (2) Results in reducing the overall projected cost to the agency without impairing essential functions or characteristics; provided, that it does not involve a change--
- (i) In deliverable end item quantities only;
- (ii) In research and development (R&D) end items or R&D test quantities that is due solely to results of previous testing under this contract; or
- (iii) To the contract type only.
- (c) VECP preparation. As a minimum, the Contractor shall include in each VECP the information described in subparagraphs (1) through (8) below. If the proposed change is affected by contractually required configuration management or similar procedures, the instructions in those procedures relating to format, identification, and priority assignment shall govern VECP preparation. The VECP shall include the following:
- (1) A description of the difference between the existing contract requirement and the proposed requirement, the comparative advantages and disadvantages of each, a justification when an item's function or characteristics are being altered, the effect of the change on the end item's performance, and any pertinent objective test data.
- (2) A list and analysis of the contract requirements that must be changed if the VECP is accepted, including any suggested specification revisions.
- (3) Identification of the unit to which the VECP applies.
- (4) A separate, detailed cost estimate for (i) the affected portions of the existing contract requirement and (ii) the VECP. The cost reduction associated with the VECP shall take into account the Contractor's allowable development and implementation costs, including any amount attributable to subcontracts under the Subcontracts paragraph of this clause, below.
- (5) A description and estimate of costs the Government may incur in implementing the VECP, such as test and evaluation and operating and support costs.
- (6) A prediction of any effects the proposed change would have on collateral costs to the agency.
- (7) A statement of the time by which a contract modification accepting the VECP must be issued in order to achieve the maximum cost reduction, noting any effect on the contract completion time or delivery schedule.
- (8) Identification of any previous submissions of the VECP, including the dates submitted, the agencies and contract numbers involved, and previous Government actions, if known.
- (d) Submission. The Contractor shall submit VECP's to the Contracting Officer, unless this contract states otherwise. If this contract is administered by other than the contracting office, the Contractor shall submit a copy of the VECP simultaneously to the Contracting Officer and to the Administrative Contracting Officer.
- (e) Government action. (1) The Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor of the status of the VECP within 45 calendar days after the contracting office receives it. If additional time is required, the Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor within the 45-day period and provide the reason for the delay and the expected date of the decision. The Government will process VECP's expeditiously; however, it shall not be liable for any delay in acting upon a VECP.
- (2) If the VECP is not accepted, the Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor in writing, explaining the reasons for rejection. The Contractor may withdraw any VECP, in whole or in part, at any time before it is accepted by the

Government. The Contracting Officer may require that the Contractor provide written notification before undertaking significant expenditures for VECP effort.

- (3) Any VECP may be accepted, in whole or in part, by the Contracting Officer's award of a modification to this contract citing this clause and made either before or within a reasonable time after contract performance is completed. Until such a contract modification applies a VECP to this contract, the Contractor shall perform in accordance with the existing contract. The decision to accept or reject all or part of any VECP is a unilateral decision made solely at the discretion of the Contracting Officer.
- (f) Sharing rates. If a VECP is accepted, the Contractor shall share in net acquisition savings according to the percentages shown in the table below. The percentage paid the Contractor depends upon (1) this contract's type (fixed-price, incentive, or cost-reimbursement), (2) the sharing arrangement specified in paragraph (a) above (incentive, program requirement, or a combination as delineated in the Schedule), and (3) the source of the savings (the instant contract, or concurrent and future contracts), as follows:

# CONTRACTOR'S SHARE OF NET ACQUISITION SAVINGS

	()	Figures in percen	t)	
Contract Type	Incentive (	Voluntary)	Program Requirement Mandatory)	
	Instant Contract Rate	Concurrent and Future Contract Rate	Instant Contract Rate	Concurrent and Future Contract Rate
Fixed-price (includes fixed- price-award-fee; excludes other fixed-price incentive contracts)	(1) 50	(1) 50	(1) 25	25
Incentive (fixed- price or cost) (other than award fee)	(2)	(1) 50	(2)	25
Cost- reimbursement (includes cost- plus-award-fee; excludes other cost-type incentive Contracts)	(3) 25	(3) 25	15	15

- (1) The Contracting Officer may increase the Contractor's sharing rate to as high as 75 percent for each VECP.
- (2) Same sharing arrangement as the contract's profit or fee adjustment formula.
- (3) The Contracting Officer may increase the Contractor's sharing rate to as high as 50 percent for each VECP.
- (g) Calculating net acquisition savings.
- (1) Acquisition savings are realized when (i) the cost or price is reduced on the instant contract, (ii) reductions are negotiated in concurrent contracts, (iii) future contracts are awarded, or (iv) agreement is reached on a lump-sum payment for future contract savings (see subparagraph (i)(4) below). Net acquisition savings are first realized, and the Contractor shall be paid a share, when Government costs and any negative instant contract savings have been fully offset against acquisition savings.

- (2) Except in incentive contracts, Government costs and any price or cost increases resulting from negative instant contract savings shall be offset against acquisition savings each time such savings are realized until they are fully offset. Then, the Contractor's share is calculated by multiplying net acquisition savings by the appropriate Contractor's percentage sharing rate (see paragraph (f) above). Additional Contractor shares of net acquisition savings shall be paid to the Contractor at the time realized.
- (3) If this is an incentive contract, recovery of Government costs on the instant contract shall be deferred and offset against concurrent and future contract savings. The Contractor shall share through the contract incentive structure in savings on the instant contract items affected. Any negative instant contract savings shall be added to the target cost or to the target price and ceiling price, and the amount shall be offset against concurrent and future contract savings.
- (4) If the Government does not receive and accept all items on which it paid the Contractor's share, the Contractor shall reimburse the Government for the proportionate share of these payments.
- (h) Contract adjustment. The modification accepting the VECP (or a subsequent modification issued as soon as possible after any negotiations are completed) shall--
- (1) Reduce the contract price or estimated cost by the amount of instant contract savings, unless this is an incentive contract;
- (2) When the amount of instant contract savings is negative, increase the contract price, target price and ceiling price, target cost, or estimated cost by that amount;
- (3) Specify the Contractor's dollar share per unit on future contracts, or provide the lump-sum payment;
- (4) Specify the amount of any Government costs or negative instant contract savings to be offset in determining net acquisition savings realized from concurrent or future contract savings; and
- (5) Provide the Contractor's share of any net acquisition savings under the instant contract in accordance with the following:
- (i) Fixed-price contracts--add to contract price.
- (ii) Cost-reimbursement contracts--add to contract fee.
- (i) Concurrent and future contract savings.
- (1) Payments of the Contractor's share of concurrent and future contract savings shall be made by a modification to the instant contract in accordance with subparagraph (h)(5) above. For incentive contracts, shares shall be added as a separate firm-fixed-price line item on the instant contract. The Contractor shall maintain records adequate to identify the first delivered unit for 3 years after final payment under this contract.
- (2) The Contracting Officer shall calculate the Contractor's share of concurrent contract savings by (i) subtracting from the reduction in price negotiated on the concurrent contract any Government costs or negative instant contract savings not yet offset and (ii) multiplying the result by the Contractor's sharing rate.
- (3) The Contracting Officer shall calculate the Contractor's share of future contract savings by (i) multiplying the future unit cost reduction by the number of future contract units scheduled for delivery during the sharing period, (ii) subtracting any Government costs or negative instant contract savings not yet offset, and (iii) multiplying the result by the Contractor's sharing rate.
- (4) When the Government wishes and the Contractor agrees, the Contractor's share of future contract savings may be paid in a single lump sum rather than in a series of payments over time as future contracts are awarded. Under this alternate procedure, the future contract savings may be calculated when the VECP is accepted, on the basis of the Contracting Officer's forecast of the number of units that will be delivered during the sharing period. The

Contractor's share shall be included in a modification to this contract (see subparagraph (h)(3) above) and shall not be subject to subsequent adjustment.

- (5) Alternate no-cost settlement method. When, in accordance with subsection 48.104-4 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, the Government and the Contractor mutually agree to use the no-cost settlement method, the following applies:
- (i) The Contractor will keep all the savings on the instant contract and on its concurrent contracts only.
- (ii) The Government will keep all the savings resulting from concurrent contracts placed on other sources, savings from all future contracts, and all collateral savings.
- (j) Collateral savings. If a VECP is accepted, the Contracting Officer will increase the instant contract amount, as specified in paragraph (h)(5) of this clause, by a rate from 20 to 100 percent, as determined by the Contracting Officer, of any projected collateral savings determined to be realized in a typical year of use after subtracting any Government costs not previously offset. However, the Contractor's share of collateral savings will not exceed the contract's firm-fixed-price, target price, target cost, or estimated cost, at the time the VECP is accepted, or \$100,000, whichever is greater. The Contracting Officer will be the sole determiner of the amount of collateral savings.
- (k) Relationship to other incentives. Only those benefits of an accepted VECP not rewardable under performance, design-to-cost (production unit cost, operating and support costs, reliability and maintainability), or similar incentives shall be rewarded under this clause. However, the targets of such incentives affected by the VECP shall not be adjusted because of VECP acceptance. If this contract specifies targets but provides no incentive to surpass them, the value engineering sharing shall apply only to the amount of achievement better than target.
- (1) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include an appropriate value engineering clause in any subcontract of \$150,000 or more and may include one in subcontracts of lesser value. In calculating any adjustment in this contract's price for instant contract savings (or negative instant contract savings), the Contractor's allowable development and implementation costs shall include any subcontractor's allowable development and implementation costs, and any value engineering incentive payments to a subcontractor, clearly resulting from a VECP accepted by the Government under this contract. The Contractor may choose any arrangement for subcontractor value engineering incentive payments; provided, that the payments shall not reduce the Government's share of concurrent or future contract savings or collateral savings.
- (m) Data. The Contractor may restrict the Government's right to use any part of a VECP or the supporting data by marking the following legend on the affected parts:

"These data, furnished under the Value Engineering clause of contract . . . . . . , shall not be disclosed outside the Government or duplicated, used, or disclosed, in whole or in part, for any purpose other than to evaluate a value engineering change proposal submitted under the clause. This restriction does not limit the Government's right to use information contained in these data if it has been obtained or is otherwise available from the Contractor or from another source without limitations."

If a VECP is accepted, the Contractor hereby grants the Government unlimited rights in the VECP and supporting data, except that, with respect to data qualifying and submitted as limited rights technical data, the Government shall have the rights specified in the contract modification implementing the VECP and shall appropriately mark the data. (The terms "unlimited rights" and "limited rights" are defined in Part 27 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.)

(End of clause)

52.252-2 CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE (FEB 1998)

This contract incorporates one or more clauses by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. Also, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at this/these address(es):

www.farsite.hill.af.mil/

(End of clause)

# 52.252-5 AUTHORIZED DEVIATIONS IN PROVISIONS (APR 1984)

- (a) The use in this solicitation of any Federal Acquisition Regulation (48 CFR Chapter 1) provision with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "(DEVIATION)" after the date of the provision.
- (b) The use in this solicitation of any <u>Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS)</u> (48 CFR Chapter 2) provision with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "(DEVIATION)" after the name of the regulation.

(End of provision)

#### 52.252-6 AUTHORIZED DEVIATIONS IN CLAUSES (APR 1984)

- (a) The use in this solicitation or contract of any Federal Acquisition Regulation (48 CFR Chapter 1) clause with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "(DEVIATION)" after the date of the clause.
- (b) The use in this solicitation or contract of any <u>Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS)</u> (48 CFR <u>Chapter 2</u>) clause with an authorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "(DEVIATION)" after the name of the regulation.

(End of clause)

#### 252.204-7006 BILLING INSTRUCTIONS (OCT 2005)

When submitting a request for payment, the Contractor shall--

- (a) Identify the contract line item(s) on the payment request that reasonably reflect contract work performance; and
- (b) Separately identify a payment amount for each contract line item included in the payment request.

(End of clause)

#### 252.211-7003 ITEM IDENTIFICATION AND VALUATION (JUN 2011)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause'

Automatic identification device means a device, such as a reader or interrogator, used to retrieve data encoded on machine-readable media.

Concatenated unique item identifier means--

- (1) For items that are serialized within the enterprise identifier, the linking together of the unique identifier data elements in order of the issuing agency code, enterprise identifier, and unique serial number within the enterprise identifier; or
- (2) For items that are serialized within the original part, lot, or batch number, the linking together of the unique identifier data elements in order of the issuing agency code; enterprise identifier; original part, lot, or batch number; and serial number within the original part, lot, or batch number.

Data qualifier means a specified character (or string of characters) that immediately precedes a data field that defines the general category or intended use of the data that follows.

DoD recognized unique identification equivalent" means a unique identification method that is in commercial use and has been recognized by DoD. All DoD recognized unique identification equivalents are listed at http://www.acq.osd.mil/dpap/pdi/uid/iuid\_equivalents.html.

DoD unique item identification means a system of marking items delivered to DoD with unique item identifiers that have machine-readable data elements to distinguish an item from all other like and unlike items. For items that are serialized within the enterprise identifier, the unique item identifier shall include the data elements of the enterprise identifier and a unique serial number. For items that are serialized within the part, lot, or batch number within the enterprise identifier, the unique item identifier shall include the data elements of the enterprise identifier; the original part, lot, or batch number; and the serial number.

Enterprise means the entity (e.g., a manufacturer or vendor) responsible for assigning unique item identifiers to items.

Enterprise identifier means a code that is uniquely assigned to an enterprise by an issuing agency.

Government's unit acquisition cost means--

- (1) For fixed-price type line, subline, or exhibit line items, the unit price identified in the contract at the time of delivery;
- (2) For cost-type or undefinitized line, subline, or exhibit line items, the Contractor's estimated fully burdened unit cost to the Government at the time of delivery; and
- (3) For items produced under a time-and-materials contract, the Contractor's estimated fully burdened unit cost to the Government at the time of delivery.

Issuing agency means an organization responsible for assigning a non-repeatable identifier to an enterprise (i.e., Dun & Bradstreet's Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) Number, GS1 Company Prefix, or Defense Logistics Information System (DLIS) Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Code).

Issuing agency means an organization responsible for assigning a globally unique identifier to an enterprise (e.g., Dun & Bradstreet's Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) Number, GS1 Company Prefix, Allied Committee 135 NATO Commercial and Government Entity (NCAGE)/Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) Code, or the Coded Representation of the North American Telecommunications Industry Manufacturers, Suppliers, and Related Service Companies (ATIS-0322000) Number), European Health Industry Business Communication Council (EHIBCC) and Health Industry Business Communication Council (HIBCC)), as indicated in the Register of Issuing Agency Codes for ISO/IEC 15459, located at http://www.nen.nl/web/Normen-ontwikkelen/ISOIEC-15459-Issuing-Agency-Codes.htm.

Item means a single hardware article or a single unit formed by a grouping of subassemblies, components, or constituent parts.

Lot or batch number means an identifying number assigned by the enterprise to a designated group of items, usually referred to as either a lot or a batch, all of which were manufactured under identical conditions.

Machine-readable means an automatic identification technology media, such as bar codes, contact memory buttons, radio frequency identification, or optical memory cards.

Original part number means a combination of numbers or letters assigned by the enterprise at item creation to a class of items with the same form, fit, function, and interface.

Parent item means the item assembly, intermediate component, or subassembly that has an embedded item with a unique item identifier or DoD recognized unique identification equivalent.

Serial number within the enterprise identifier means a combination of numbers, letters, or symbols assigned by the enterprise to an item that provides for the differentiation of that item from any other like and unlike item and is never used again within the enterprise.

Serial number within the part, lot, or batch number means a combination of numbers or letters assigned by the enterprise to an item that provides for the differentiation of that item from any other like item within a part, lot, or batch number assignment.

Serialization within the enterprise identifier means each item produced is assigned a serial number that is unique among all the tangible items produced by the enterprise and is never used again. The enterprise is responsible for ensuring unique serialization within the enterprise identifier.

Serialization within the part, lot, or batch number means each item of a particular part, lot, or batch number is assigned a unique serial number within that part, lot, or batch number assignment. The enterprise is responsible for ensuring unique serialization within the part, lot, or batch number within the enterprise identifier.

Unique item identifier means a set of data elements marked on items that is globally unique and unambiguous. The term includes a concatenated unique item identifier or a DoD recognized unique identification equivalent.

Unique item identifier type means a designator to indicate which method of uniquely identifying a part has been used. The current list of accepted unique item identifier types is maintained at http://www.acq.osd.mil/dpap/pdi/uid/uii\_types.html.

- (b) The Contractor shall deliver all items under a contract line, subline, or exhibit line item.
- (c) Unique item identifier.
- (1) The Contractor shall provide a unique item identifier for the following:
- (i) All delivered items for which the Government's unit acquisition cost is \$5,000 or more.
- (ii) The following items for which the Government's unit acquisition cost is less than \$5,000:

Contract line, subline, or	exhibit line
item No.	Item description

- (iii) Subassemblies, components, and parts embedded within delivered items as specified in Attachment Number ----
- (2) The unique item identifier and the component data elements of the DoD unique item identification shall not change over the life of the item.
- (3) Data syntax and semantics of unique item identifiers. The Contractor shall ensure that--
- (i) The encoded data elements (except issuing agency code) of the unique item identifier are marked on the item using one of the following three types of data qualifiers, as determined by the Contractor:
- (A) Application Identifiers (AIs) (Format Indicator 05 of ISO/IEC International Standard 15434), in accordance with ISO/IEC International Standard 15418, Information Technology--EAN/UCC Application Identifiers and Fact Data Identifiers and Maintenance and ANSI MH 10.8.2 Data Identifier and Application Identifier Standard.
- (B) Data Identifiers (DIs) (Format Indicator 06 of ISO/IEC International Standard 15434), in accordance with ISO/IEC International Standard 15418, Information Technology--EAN/UCC Application Identifiers and Fact Data Identifiers and Maintenance and ANSI MH 10.8.2 Data Identifier and Application Identifier Standard.
- (C) Text Element Identifiers (TEIs) (Format Indicator 12 of ISO/IEC International Standard 15434), in accordance with the Air Transport Association Common Support Data Dictionary; and
- (ii) The encoded data elements of the unique item identifier conform to the transfer structure, syntax, and coding of messages and data formats specified for Format Indicators 05, 06, and 12 in ISO/IEC International Standard 15434, Information Technology--Transfer Syntax for High Capacity Automatic Data Capture Media.
- (4) Unique item identifier.
- (i) The Contractor shall--
- (A) Determine whether to--
- (1) Serialize within the enterprise identifier;
- (2) Serialize within the part, lot, or batch number; or
- (3) Use a DoD recognized unique identification equivalent; and
- (B) Place the data elements of the unique item identifier (enterprise identifier; serial number; DoD recognized unique identification equivalent; and for serialization within the part, lot, or batch number only: original part, lot, or batch number) on items requiring marking by paragraph (c)(1) of this clause, based on the criteria provided in the version of MIL-STD-130, Identification Marking of U.S. Military Property, cited in the contract Schedule.
- (ii) The issuing agency code--
- (A) Shall not be placed on the item; and
- (B) Shall be derived from the data qualifier for the enterprise identifier.
- (d) For each item that requires unique item identification under paragraph (c)(1)(i) or (ii) of this clause, in addition to the information provided as part of the Material Inspection and Receiving Report specified elsewhere in this contract, the Contractor shall report at the time of delivery, either as part of, or associated with, the Material Inspection and Receiving Report, the following information:
- (1) Unique item identifier.

- (2) Unique item identifier type.
- (3) Issuing agency code (if concatenated unique item identifier is used).
- (4) Enterprise identifier (if concatenated unique item identifier is used).
- (5) Original part number (if there is serialization within the original part number).
- (6) Lot or batch number (if there is serialization within the lot or batch number).
- (7) Current part number (optional and only if not the same as the original part number).
- (8) Current part number effective date (optional and only if current part number is used).
- (9) Serial number (if concatenated unique item identifier is used).
- (10) Government's unit acquisition cost.
- (11) Unit of measure.
- (e) For embedded subassemblies, components, and parts that require DoD unique item identification under paragraph (c)(1)(iii) of this clause, the Contractor shall report as part of, or associated with, the Material Inspection and Receiving Report specified elsewhere in this contract, the following information:
- (1) Unique item identifier of the parent item under paragraph (c)(1) of this clause that contains the embedded subassembly, component, or part.
- (2) Unique item identifier of the embedded subassembly, component, or part.
- (3) Unique item identifier type.\*\*
- (4) Issuing agency code (if concatenated unique item identifier is used).\*\*
- (5) Enterprise identifier (if concatenated unique item identifier is used).\*\*
- (6) Original part number (if there is serialization within the original part number).\*\*
- (7) Lot or batch number (if there is serialization within the lot or batch number).\*\*
- (8) Current part number (optional and only if not the same as the original part number).\*\*
- (9) Current part number effective date (optional and only if current part number is used).\*\*
- (10) Serial number (if concatenated unique item identifier is used).\*\*
- (11) Description.
- \*\* Once per item.
- (f) The Contractor shall submit the information required by paragraphs (d) and (e) of this clause in accordance with the data submission procedures at http://www.acq.osd.mil/dpap/pdi/uid/data\_submission\_information.html.

(g) Subcontracts. If the Contractor acquires by subcontract, any item(s) for which unique item identification is required in accordance with paragraph (c)(1) of this clause, the Contractor shall include this clause, including this paragraph (g), in the applicable subcontract(s).

(End of clause)

#### 252.245-7004 REPORTING, REUTILIZATION, AND DISPOSAL (AUG 2011)

- (a) Definitions. As used in this clause--
- (1) Demilitarization means the act of eliminating the functional capabilities and inherent military design features from DoD personal property. Methods and degree range from removal and destruction of critical features to total destruction by cutting, tearing, crushing, mangling, shredding, melting, burning, etc.
- (2) Export-controlled items means items subject to the Export Administration Regulations (EAR) (15 CFR parts 730-774) or the International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR) (22 CFR parts 120-130). The term includes-
- (i) Defense items, defined in the Arms Export Control Act, 22 U.S.C. 2778(j)(4)(A), as defense articles, defense services, and related technical data, etc.; and
- (ii) Items, defined in the EAR as ``commodities," ``software," and ``technology," terms that are also defined in the EAR, 15 CFR 772.1.
- (3) Ineligible transferees means individuals, entities, or countries--
- (i) Excluded from Federal programs by the General Services Administration as identified in the Excluded Parties Listing System (EPLS) (<a href="https://www.epls.gov/">https://www.epls.gov/</a>);
- (ii) Delinquent on obligations to the U.S. Government under surplus sales contracts;
- (iii) Designated by the Department of Defense as ineligible, debarred, or suspended from defense contracts; or
- (iv) Subject to denial, debarment, or other sanctions under export control laws and related laws and regulations, and orders

administered by the Department of State, the Department of Commerce, the Department of Homeland Security, or the Department of the Treasury.

- (4) Scrap means property that has no value except for its basic material content. For purposes of demilitarization, scrap is defined as recyclable waste and discarded materials derived from items that have been rendered useless beyond repair, rehabilitation, or restoration such that the item's original identity, utility, form, fit, and function have been destroyed. Items can be classified as scrap if processed by cutting, tearing, crushing, mangling, shredding, or melting. Intact or recognizable components and parts are not ``scrap."
- (5) Serviceable or usable property means property with potential for reutilization or sale ``as is" or with minor repairs or alterations.
- (b) Inventory disposal schedules. Unless disposition instructions are otherwise included in this contract, the Contractor shall complete SF 1428, Inventory Schedule B, within the Plant Clearance Automated Reutilization Screening System (PCARSS). Information on PCARSS can be obtained from the plant clearance officer and at http://www.dcma.mil/ITCSO/CBT/PCARSS/index.cfm.

- (1) The SF 1428 shall contain the following:
- (i) If known, the applicable Federal Supply Code (FSC) for all items, except items in scrap condition.
- (ii) If known, the manufacturer name for all aircraft components under Federal Supply Group (FSG) 16 or 17 and FSCs 2620, 2810, 2915, 2925, 2935, 2945, 2995, 4920, 5821, 5826, 5841, 6340, and 6615.
- (iii) The manufacturer name, make, model number, model year, and serial number for all aircraft under FSCs 1510 and 1520.
- (iv) Appropriate Federal Condition Codes. See Appendix 2 of DoD 4000.25-2, Military Standard Transaction Reporting and Accounting Procedures manual, edition in effect as of the date of this contract. Information on Federal Condition Codes can be obtained at <a href="http://www.DLA.Mil/J-6/DLMSO/Elibrary/Manuals/Milstrap/AP2">http://www.DLA.Mil/J-6/DLMSO/Elibrary/Manuals/Milstrap/AP2</a> Index.asp.
- (2) If the schedules are acceptable, the plant clearance officer shall complete and send the Contractor a DD Form 1637, Notice of Acceptance of Inventory.
- (c) Proceeds from sales of surplus property. Unless otherwise provided in the contract, the proceeds of any sale, purchase, or retention shall be--
- (1) Forwarded to the Contracting Officer;
- (2) Credited to the Government as part of the settlement agreement;
- (3) Credited to the price or cost of the contract; or
- (4) Applied as otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer.
- (d) Demilitarization, mutilation, and destruction. If demilitarization, mutilation, or destruction of contractor inventory is required, the Contractor shall demilitarize, mutilate, or destroy contractor inventory, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract and consistent with Defense Demilitarization Manual, DoDM 4160.28-M, edition in effect as of the date of this contract. The plant clearance officer may authorize the purchaser to demilitarize, mutilate, or destroy as a condition of sale provided the property is not inherently dangerous to public health and safety.
- (e) Classified Contractor inventory. The Contractor shall dispose of classified contractor inventory in accordance with applicable security guides and regulations or as directed by the Contracting Officer.
- (f) Inherently dangerous Contractor inventory. Contractor inventory dangerous to public health or safety shall not be disposed of unless rendered innocuous or until adequate safeguards are provided.
- (g) Contractor inventory located in foreign countries. Consistent with contract terms and conditions, property disposition shall be in accordance with foreign and U.S. laws and regulations, including laws and regulations involving export controls, host nation requirements, Final Governing Standards, and Government-to-Government agreements. The Contractor's responsibility to comply with all applicable laws and regulations regarding export-controlled items exists independent of, and is not established or limited by, the information provided by this clause.
- (h) Disposal of scrap.
- (1) Contractor with scrap procedures.
- (i) The Contractor shall include within its property management procedure, a process for the accountability and management of Government-owned scrap. The process shall, at a minimum, provide for the effective and efficient

disposition of scrap, including sales to scrap dealers, so as to minimize costs, maximize sales proceeds, and, contain the necessary internal controls for mitigating the improper release of non-scrap property.

- (ii) The Contractor may commingle Government and contractor-owned scrap and provide routine disposal of scrap, with plant clearance officer concurrence, when determined to be effective and efficient.
- (2) Scrap warranty. The plant clearance officer may require the Contractor to secure from scrap buyers a DD Form 1639, Scrap Warranty.
- (i) Sale of surplus Contractor inventory.
- (1) The Contractor shall conduct sales of contractor inventory (both useable property and scrap) in accordance with the requirements of this contract and plant clearance officer direction.
- (2) Any sales contracts or other documents transferring title shall include the following statement:
- "The Purchaser certifies that the property covered by this contract will be used in (name of country). In the event of resale or export by the Purchaser of any of the property, the Purchaser agrees to obtain the appropriate U.S. and foreign export or re-export license approval."
- (j) Restrictions on purchase or retention of Contractor inventory. (1) The Contractor may not knowingly sell the inventory to any person or that person's agent, employee, or household member if that person--
- (i) Is a civilian employee of the DoD or the U.S. Coast Guard;
- (ii) Is a member of the armed forces of the United States, including the U.S. Coast Guard; or
- (iii) Has any functional or supervisory responsibilities for or within the DoD's property disposal/disposition or plant clearance programs or for the disposal of contractor inventory.
- (2) The Contractor may conduct Internet-based sales, to include use of a third party.
- (3) If the Contractor wishes to bid on the sale, the Contractor or its employees shall submit bids to the plant clearance officer prior to soliciting bids from other prospective bidders.
- (4) The Contractor shall solicit a sufficient number of bidders to obtain adequate competition. Informal bid procedures shall be used, unless the plant clearance officer directs otherwise. The Contractor shall include in its invitation for bids, the sales terms and conditions provided by the plant clearance officer.
- (5) The Contractor shall solicit bids at least 15 calendar days before bid opening to allow adequate opportunity to inspect the property and prepare bids.
- (6) For large sales, the Contractor may use summary lists of items offered as bid sheets with detailed descriptions attached.
- (7) In addition to mailing or delivering notice of the proposed sale to prospective bidders, the Contractor may (when the results are expected to justify the additional expense) display a notice of the proposed sale in appropriate public places, e.g., publish a sales notice on the Internet in appropriate trade journals or magazines and local newspapers.
- (8) The plant clearance officer or representative will witness the bid opening. The Contractor shall submit, either electronically or manually, two copies of the bid abstract.
- (9) The following terms and conditions shall be included in sales contracts involving the demilitarization, mutilation, or destruction of property:

- (i) Demilitarization, mutilation, or destruction on Contractor or subcontractor premises. Item(s) ---- require demilitarization, mutilation, or destruction by the Purchaser. Insert item number(s) and specific demilitarization, mutilation, or destruction requirements for item(s) shown in Defense Demilitarization Manual, DoDM 4160.28-M, edition in effect as of the date of this contract. Demilitarization shall be witnessed and verified by a Government representative using DRMS Form 145 or equivalent.
- (ii) Demilitarization, mutilation, or destruction off Contractor or subcontractor premises.
- (A) Item(s) ---- require demilitarization, mutilation, or destruction by the Purchaser. Insert item number(s) and specific demilitarization, mutilation, or destruction requirements for item(s) shown in Defense Demilitarization Manual, DoDM 4160.28-M, edition in effect as of the date of this contract. Demilitarization shall be witnessed and verified by a Government representative using DRMS Form 145 or equivalent.
- (B) Property requiring demilitarization shall not be removed, and title shall not pass to the Purchaser, until demilitarization has been accomplished and verified by a Government representative. Demilitarization will be accomplished as specified in the sales contract. Demilitarization shall be witnessed and verified by a Government representative using DRMS Form 145 or equivalent.
- (C) The Purchaser agrees to assume all costs incident to the demilitarization and to restore the working area to its present condition after removing the demilitarized property.
- (iii) Failure to demilitarize. If the Purchaser fails to demilitarize, mutilate, or destroy the property as specified in the contract, the Contractor may, upon giving 10 days written notice from date of mailing to the Purchaser--
- (A) Repossess, demilitarize, and return the property to the Purchaser, in which case the Purchaser hereby agrees to pay to the Contractor, prior to the return of the property, all costs incurred by the Contractor in repossessing, demilitarizing, and returning the property;
- (B) Repossess, demilitarize, and resell the property, and charge the defaulting Purchaser with all costs incurred by the Contractor. The Contractor shall deduct these costs from the purchase price and refund the balance of the purchase price, if any, to the Purchaser. In the event the costs exceed the purchase price, the defaulting Purchaser hereby agrees to pay these costs to the Contractor; or
- (C) Repossess and resell the property under similar terms and conditions. In the event this option is exercised, the Contractor shall charge the defaulting Purchaser with all costs incurred by the Contractor. The Contractor shall deduct these costs from the original purchase price and refund the balance of the purchase price, if any, to the defaulting Purchaser. Should the excess costs to the Contractor exceed the purchase price, the defaulting Purchaser hereby agrees to pay these costs to the Contractor.

(End of clause)

# Section J - List of Documents, Exhibits and Other Attachments

# **EXHIBITS/ATTACHMENTS**

DOCUMENT TYPE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES	DATE
Exhibit A	CDRLs	*Provided with	
		applicable orders	
Attachment 1	SOW for AN/AQS-20 Sonar	15	04 April 2012
Attachment 2	DD Form 254 (Contract Security	4	
	Classification Specification)		10 January 2011

# Section K - Representations, Certifications and Other Statements of Offerors

#### CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

52.203-11	Certification And Disclosure Regarding Payments To	SEP 2007
	Influence Certain Federal Transactions	
252.209-7001	Disclosure of Ownership or Control by the Government of a	JAN 2009
	Terrorist Country	
252.217-7026	Identification of Sources of Supply	NOV 1995
252.227-7017	Identification and Assertion of Use, Release, or Disclosure	JAN 2011
	Restrictions	

#### CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT

# 52.203-2 CERTIFICATE OF INDEPENDENT PRICE DETERMINATION (APR 1985)

- (a) The offeror certifies that --
- (1) The prices in this offer have been arrived at independently, without, for the purpose of restricting competition, any consultation, communication, or agreement with any other offeror or competitor relating to –
- (i) Those prices,
- (ii) The intention to submit an offer, or
- (iii) The methods of factors used to calculate the prices offered:
- (2) The prices in this offer have not been and will not be knowingly disclosed by the offeror, directly or indirectly, to any other offeror or competitor before bid opening (in the case of a sealed bid solicitation) or contract award (in the case of a negotiated solicitation) unless otherwise required by law; and
- (3) No attempt has been made or will be made by the offeror to induce any other concern to submit or not to submit an offer for the purpose of restricting competition.
- (b) Each signature on the offer is considered to be a certification by the signatory that the signatory --
- (1) Is the person in the offeror's organization responsible for determining the prices offered in this bid or proposal, and that the signatory has not participated and will not participate in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) of this provision; or
- (2) (i) Has been authorized, in writing, to act as agent for the following principals in certifying that those principals have not participated, and will not participate in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) of this provison \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (insert full name of person(s) in the offeror's organization responsible for determining the prices offered in this bid or proposal, and the title of his or her position in the offeror's organization);
- (ii) As an authorized agent, does certify that the principals named in subdivision (b)(2)(i) above have not participated, and will not participate, in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) above; and
- (iii) As an agent, has not personally participated, and will not participate, in any action contrary to subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) of this provision.

(c) If the offeror deletes or modifies subparagraph (a)(2) of this provision, the offeror must furnish with its offer a signed statement setting forth in detail the circumstances of the disclosure.

(End of clause)

#### 52.204-3 TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION (OCT 1998)

(a) Definitions.

Common parent, as used in this provision, means that corporate entity that owns or controls an affiliated group of corporations that files its Federal income tax returns on a consolidated basis, and of which the offeror is a member.

Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN), as used in this provision, means the number required by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to be used by the offeror in reporting income tax and other returns. The TIN may be either a Social Security Number or an Employer Identification Number.

- (b) All offerors must submit the information required in paragraphs (d) through (f) of this provision to comply with debt collection requirements of 31 U.S.C. 7701(c) and 3325(d), reporting requirements of 26 U.S.C. 6041, 6041A, and 6050M, and implementing regulations issued by the IRS. If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 4.904, the failure or refusal by the offeror to furnish the information may result in a 31 percent reduction of payments otherwise due under the contract.
- (c) The TIN may be used by the Government to collect and report on any delinquent amounts arising out of the offeror's relationship with the Government (31 U.S.C. 7701(c)(3)). If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in FAR 4.904, the TIN provided hereunder may be matched with IRS records to verify the accuracy of the offeror's TIN.

•
(d) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN).
TIN:
TIN has been applied for.
TIN is not required because:
Offeror is a nonresident alien, foreign corporation, or foreign partnership that does not have income effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States and does not have an office or place of business or a fiscal paying agent in the United States;
Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a foreign government;
Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government.
(e) Type of organization.
Sole proprietorship;
Partnership;
Corporate entity (not tax-exempt);
Corporate entity (tax-exempt);

Government entity (Federal, State, or local);			
Foreign government;			
International organization per 26 CFR 1.6049-4;			
Other			
(f) Common parent.			
Offeror is not owned or controlled by a common parent as defined in paragraph (a) of this provision.			
Name and TIN of common parent:			
Name			
TIN			
(End of provision)			
52.204-5 WOMEN-OWNED BUSINESS (OTHER THAN SMALL BUSINESS) (MAY 1999)			
(a) Definition. Women-owned business concern, as used in this provision, means a concern that is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of its stock is owned by one or more women; and whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.			
(b) Representation. [Complete only if the offeror is a women-owned business concern and has not represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (b)(1) of FAR 52.219-1, Small Business Program Representations, of this solicitation.] The offeror represents that it ( ) is a women-owned business concern.			
(End of provision)			

# 52.204-8 ANNUAL REPRESENTATIONS AND CERTIFICATIONS (MAY 2012)

- (a)(1) The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code for this acquisition is 334511.
- (2) The small business size standard is 750 employees.
- (3) The small business size standard for a concern which submits an offer in its own name, other than on a construction or service contract, but which proposes to furnish a product which it did not itself manufacture, is 500 employees.
- (b)(1) If the clause at 52.204-7, Central Contractor Registration, is included in this solicitation, paragraph (d) of this provision applies.
- (2) If the clause at 52.204-7 is not included in this solicitation, and the offeror is currently registered in CCR, and has completed the ORCA electronically, the offeror may choose to use paragraph (d) of this provision instead of completing the corresponding individual representations and certifications in the solicitation. The offeror shall indicate which option applies by checking one of the following boxes:

- ( ) Paragraph (d) applies.
- ( ) Paragraph (d) does not apply and the offeror has completed the individual representations and certifications in the solicitation.
- (c)(1) The following representations or certifications in ORCA are applicable to this solicitation as indicated:
- (i) 52.203-2, Certificate of Independent Price Determination. This provision applies to solicitations when a firm-fixed-price contract or fixed-price contract with economic price adjustment is contemplated, unless-
- (A) The acquisition is to be made under the simplified acquisition procedures in Part 13;
- (B) The solicitation is a request for technical proposals under two-step sealed bidding procedures; or
- (C) The solicitation is for utility services for which rates are set by law or regulation.
- (ii) 52.203-11, Certification and Disclosure Regarding Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions. This provision applies to solicitations expected to exceed \$150,000.
- (iii) 52.204-3, Taxpayer Identification. This provision applies to solicitations that do not include the clause at 52.204-7, Central Contractor Registration.
- (iv) 52.204-5, Women-Owned Business (Other Than Small Business). This provision applies to solicitations that--
- (A) Are not set aside for small business concerns;
- (B) Exceed the simplified acquisition threshold; and
- (C) Are for contracts that will be performed in the United States or its outlying areas.
- (v) 52.209-2, Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations--Representation. This provision applies to solicitations using funds appropriated in fiscal years 2008, 2009, 2010, or 2012.
- (vi) 52.209-5, Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters. This provision applies to solicitations where the contract value is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.
- (vii) 52.223-5, Pollution Prevention and Right-to-Know Information (May 2011) (E.O. 13423) (Applies to services performed on Federal facilities).
- (viii) 52.215-6, Place of Performance. This provision applies to solicitations unless the place of performance is specified by the Government.
- (ix) 52.219-1, Small Business Program Representations (Basic & Alternate I). This provision applies to solicitations when the contract will be performed in the United States or its outlying areas.
- (A) The basic provision applies when the solicitations are issued by other than DoD, NASA, and the Coast Guard.
- (B) The provision with its Alternate I applies to solicitations issued by DoD, NASA, or the Coast Guard.
- (x) 52.219-2, Equal Low Bids. This provision applies to solicitations when contracting by sealed bidding and the contract will be performed in the United States or its outlying areas.
- (xi) 52.222-22, Previous Contracts and Compliance Reports. This provision applies to solicitations that include the clause at 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity.

- (xii) 52.222-25, Affirmative Action Compliance. This provision applies to solicitations, other than those for construction, when the solicitation includes the clause at 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity.
- (xiii) 52.222-38, Compliance with Veterans' Employment Reporting Requirements. This provision applies to solicitations when it is anticipated the contract award will exceed the simplified acquisition threshold and the contract is not for acquisition of commercial items.
- (xiv) 52.223-1, Biobased Product Certification. This provision applies to solicitations that require the delivery or specify the use of USDA-designated items; or include the clause at 52.223-2, Affirmative Procurement of Biobased Products Under Service and Construction Contracts.
- (xv) 52.223-4, Recovered Material Certification. This provision applies to solicitations that are for, or specify the use of, EPA-designated items.
- (xvi) 52.225-2, Buy American Act Certificate. This provision applies to solicitations containing the clause at 52.225-1.
- (xvii) 52.225-4, Buy American Act--Free Trade Agreements--Israeli Trade Act Certificate. (Basic, Alternates I, II, and III.) This provision applies to solicitations containing the clause at 52.225-3.
- (A) If the acquisition value is less than \$25,000, the basic provision applies.
- (B) If the acquisition value is \$25,000 or more but is less than \$50,000, the provision with its Alternate I applies.
- (C) If the acquisition value is \$50,000 or more but is less than \$77,494, the provision with its Alternate II applies.
- (D) If the acquisition value is \$77,494 or more but is less than \$100,000, the provision with its Alternate III applies.
- (xviii) 52.225-6, Trade Agreements Certificate. This provision applies to solicitations containing the clause at 52.225-5.
- (xix) 52.225-20, Prohibition on Conducting Restricted Business Operations in Sudan--Certification. This provision applies to all solicitations.
- (xx) 52.225-25, Prohibition on Contracting with Entities Engaging in Sanctioned Activities Relating to Iran-Representation and Certification. This provision applies to all solicitations.
- (xxi) 52.226-2, Historically Black College or University and Minority Institution Representation. This provision applies to--
- (A) Solicitations for research, studies, supplies, or services of the type normally acquired from higher educational institutions; and
- (B) For DoD, NASA, and Coast Guard acquisitions, solicitations that contain the clause at 52.219-23, Notice of Price Evaluation Adjustment for Small Disadvantaged Business Concerns.
- (2) The following certifications are applicable as indicated by the Contracting Officer:

(Contracting Officer check as appropriate.)

- (i) 52.219-22, Small Disadvantaged Business Status.
- (A) Basic.
- (B) Alternate I.

- (ii) 52.222-18, Certification Regarding Knowledge of Child Labor for Listed End Products.
- (iii) 52.222-48, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Act to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment Certification.
- (iv) 52.222-52, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Act to Contracts for Certain Services-Certification.
- (v) 52.223-9, with its Alternate I, Estimate of Percentage of Recovered Material Content for EPA-Designated Products (Alternate I only).
  - (vi) 52.227-6, Royalty Information.
  - (A) Basic.
  - (B) Alternate I.
  - (vii) 52.227-15, Representation of Limited Rights Data and Restricted Computer Software.
- (d) The offeror has completed the annual representations and certifications electronically via the Online Representations and Certifications Application (ORCA) website accessed through <a href="https://www.acquisition.gov">https://www.acquisition.gov</a>. After reviewing the ORCA database information, the offeror verifies by submission of the offer that the representations and certifications currently posted electronically that apply to this solicitation as indicated in paragraph (c) of this provision have been entered or updated within the last 12 months, are current, accurate, complete, and applicable to this solicitation (including the business size standard applicable to the NAICS code referenced for this solicitation), as of the date of this offer and are incorporated in this offer by reference (see FAR 4.1201); except for the changes identified below [offeror to insert changes, identifying change by clause number, title, date]. These amended representation(s) and/or certification(s) are also incorporated in this offer and are current, accurate, and complete as of the date of this offer.

FAR Clause	Title	Date	Change		
<b>*************************************</b>					

Any changes provided by the offeror are applicable to this solicitation only, and do not result in an update to the representations and certifications posted on ORCA.

(End of provision)

- 52.209-5 CERTIFICATION REGARDING RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS (APR 2010)
- (a)(1) The Offeror certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that-
- (i) The Offeror and/or any of its Principals-

- (A) Are ( ) are not ( ) presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or declared ineligible for the award of contracts by any Federal agency;
- (B) Have () have not (), within a three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, violating Federal criminal tax laws, or receiving stolen property (if offeror checks "have", the offeror shall also see 52.209-7, if included in this solicitation); and
- (C) Are ( ) are not ( ) presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity with, commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(1)(i)(B) of this provision.; and
- (D) Have [ballot], have not [ballot], within a three-year period preceding this offer, been notified of any delinquent Federal taxes in an amount that exceeds \$3,000 for which the liability remains unsatisfied.
- (1) Federal taxes are considered delinquent if both of the following criteria apply:
- (i) The tax liability is finally determined. The liability is finally determined if it has been assessed. A liability is not finally determined if there is a pending administrative or judicial challenge. In the case of a judicial challenge to the liability, the liability is not finally determined until all judicial appeal rights have been exhausted.
- (ii) The taxpayer is delinquent in making payment. A taxpayer is delinquent if the taxpayer has failed to pay the tax liability when full payment was due and required. A taxpayer is not delinquent in cases where enforced collection action is precluded.
- (2) Examples. (i) The taxpayer has received a statutory notice of deficiency, under I.R.C. Sec. 6212, which entitles the taxpayer to seek Tax Court review of a proposed tax deficiency. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek Tax Court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.
- (ii) The IRS has filed a notice of Federal tax lien with respect to an assessed tax liability, and the taxpayer has been issued a notice under I.R.C. Sec. 6320 entitling the taxpayer to request a hearing with the IRS Office of Appeals contesting the lien filing, and to further appeal to the Tax Court if the IRS determines to sustain the lien filing. In the course of the hearing, the taxpayer is entitled to contest the underlying tax liability because the taxpayer has had no prior opportunity to contest the liability. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek tax court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.
- (iii) The taxpayer has entered into an installment agreement pursuant to I.R.C. Sec. 6159. The taxpayer is making timely payments and is in full compliance with the agreement terms. The taxpayer is not delinquent because the taxpayer is not currently required to make full payment.
- (iv) The taxpayer has filed for bankruptcy protection. The taxpayer is not delinquent because enforced collection action is stayed under 11 U.S.C. 362 (the Bankruptcy Code).
- (ii) The Offeror has ( ) has not ( ), within a three-year period preceding this offer, had one or more contracts terminated for default by any Federal agency.
- (2) Principal, for the purposes of this certification, means an officer, director, owner, partner, or a person having primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (e.g., general manager; plant manager; head of a division or business segment; and similar positions).

- (b) The Offeror shall provide immediate written notice to the Contracting Officer if, at any time prior to contract award, the Offeror learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- (c) A certification that any of the items in paragraph (a) of this provision exists will not necessarily result in withholding of an award under this solicitation. However, the certification will be considered in connection with a determination of the Offeror's responsibility. Failure of the Offeror to furnish a certification or provide such additional information as requested by the Contracting Officer may render the Offeror nonresponsible.
- (d) Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render, in good faith, the certification required by paragraph (a) of this provision. The knowledge and information of an Offeror is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- (e) The certification in paragraph (a) of this provision is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when making award. If it is later determined that the Offeror knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Government, the Contracting Officer may terminate the contract resulting from this solicitation for default.

(End of provision)

#### 52.222-22 PREVIOUS CONTRACTS AND COMPLIANCE REPORTS (FEB 1999)

The offeror represents that --

- (a) ( ) It has, ( ) has not participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this solicitation;
- (b) ( ) It has, ( ) has not, filed all required compliance reports; and
- (c) Representations indicating submission of required compliance reports, signed by proposed subcontractors, will be obtained before subcontract awards.

(End of provision)

## 52.222-25 AFFIRMATIVE ACTION COMPLIANCE (APR 1984)

The offeror represents that

- (a) [ ] it has developed and has on file, [ ] has not developed and does not have on file, at each establishment, affirmative action programs required by the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR 60-1 and 60-2), or
- (b) [ ] has not previously had contracts subject to the written affirmative action programs requirement of the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor.

(End of provision)

52.225-20 PROHIBITION ON CONDUCTING RESTRICTED BUSINESS OPERATIONS IN SUDAN--CERTIFICATION (AUG 2009)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision--

Business operations means engaging in commerce in any form, including by acquiring, developing, maintaining, owning, selling, possessing, leasing, or operating equipment, facilities, personnel, products, services, personal property, real property, or any other apparatus of business or commerce.

Marginalized populations of Sudan means--

- (1) Adversely affected groups in regions authorized to receive assistance under section 8(c) of the Darfur Peace and Accountability Act (Pub. L. 109-344) (50 U.S.C. 1701 note); and
- (2) Marginalized areas in Northern Sudan described in section 4(9) of such Act.

Restricted business operations means business operations in Sudan that include power production activities, mineral extraction activities, oil-related activities, or the production of military equipment, as those terms are defined in the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007 (Pub. L. 110-174). Restricted business operations do not include business operations that the person (as that term is defined in Section 2 of the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007) conducting the business can demonstrate--

- (1) Are conducted under contract directly and exclusively with the regional government of southern Sudan;
- (2) Are conducted pursuant to specific authorization from the Office of Foreign Assets Control in the Department of the Treasury, or are expressly exempted under Federal law from the requirement to be conducted under such authorization;
- (3) Consist of providing goods or services to marginalized populations of Sudan;
- (4) Consist of providing goods or services to an internationally recognized peacekeeping force or humanitarian organization;
- (5) Consist of providing goods or services that are used only to promote health or education; or
- (6) Have been voluntarily suspended.
- (b) Certification. By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies that the offeror does not conduct any restricted business operations in Sudan.

(End of provision)

# 52.226-2 HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY AND MINORITY INSTITUTION REPRESENTATION (OCT 2008)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision--

Historically black college or university means an institution determined by the Secretary of Education to meet the requirements of 34 CFR 608.2. For the Department of Defense, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and the Coast Guard, the term also includes any nonprofit research institution that was an integral part of such a college or university before November 14, 1986.

Minority institution means an institution of higher education meeting the requirements of Section 365(3) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067k), including a Hispanic-serving institution of higher education, as defined in Section 502(a) of the Act (20 U.S.C. 1101a).

(b) Representation. The offeror represents that it			
(	) is ( ) is not a historically black college or university;		
(	) is ( ) is not a minority institution.		
(End of provision)			

#### 52.230-1 COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS NOTICES AND CERTIFICATION (MAY 2012)

Note: This notice does not apply to small businesses or foreign governments. This notice is in three parts, identified by Roman numerals I through III.

Offerors shall examine each part and provide the requested information in order to determine Cost Accounting Standards (CAS) requirements applicable to any resultant contract.

If the offeror is an educational institution, Part II does not apply unless the contemplated contract will be subject to full or modified CAS coverage pursuant to 48 CFR 9903.201-2(c)(5) or 9903.201-2(c)(6), respectively.

#### I. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT--COST ACCOUNTING PRACTICES AND CERTIFICATION

- (a) Any contract in excess of \$700,000 resulting from this solicitation will be subject to the requirements of the Cost Accounting Standards Board (48 CFR Chapter 99), except for those contracts which are exempt as specified in 48 CFR 9903.201-1.
- (b) Any offeror submitting a proposal which, if accepted, will result in a contract subject to the requirements of 48 CFR Chapter 99 must, as a condition of contracting, submit a Disclosure Statement as required by 48 CFR 9903.202. When required, the Disclosure Statement must be submitted as a part of the offeror's proposal under this solicitation unless the offeror has already submitted a Disclosure Statement disclosing the practices used in connection with the pricing of this proposal. If an applicable Disclosure Statement has already been submitted, the offeror may satisfy the requirement for submission by providing the information requested in paragraph (c) of Part I of this provision.

CAUTION: In the absence of specific regulations or agreement, a practice disclosed in a Disclosure Statement shall not, by virtue of such disclosure, be deemed to be a proper, approved, or agreed-to practice for pricing proposals or accumulating and reporting contract performance cost data.

- (c) Check the appropriate box below:
- (1) Certificate of Concurrent Submission of Disclosure Statement.

The offeror hereby certifies that, as a part of the offer, copies of the Disclosure Statement have been submitted as follows: (i) original and one copy to the cognizant Administrative Contracting Officer (ACO) or cognizant Federal agency official authorized to act in that capacity (Federal official), as applicable, and (ii) one copy to the cognizant Federal auditor.

(Disclosure must be on Form No. CASB DS-1 or CASB DS-2, as applicable. Forms may be obtained from the cognizant ACO or Federal official and/or from the loose-leaf version of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.)

Date of Disclosure Statement: Where Filed:	Name and Address of Cognizant ACO or Federal Official —
The offeror further certifies that the practices used in esti cost accounting practices disclosed in the Disclosure Stat	mating costs in pricing this proposal are consistent with the ement.
(2) Certificate of Previously Submitted Disclosure Staten	nent.
The offeror hereby certifies that the required Disclosure S	Statement was filed as follows:
Date of Disclosure Statement:Official Where Filed:	Name and Address of Cognizant ACO or Federal
The offeror further certifies that the practices used in esti cost accounting practices disclosed in the applicable Disc	mating costs in pricing this proposal are consistent with the closure Statement.

#### (3) Certificate of Monetary Exemption.

The offeror hereby certifies that the offeror, together with all divisions, subsidiaries, and affiliates under common control, did not receive net awards of negotiated prime contracts and subcontracts subject to CAS totaling more than \$50 million (of which at least one award exceeded \$1 million) in the cost accounting period immediately preceding the period in which this proposal was submitted. The offeror further certifies that if such status changes before an award resulting from this proposal, the offeror will advise the Contracting Officer immediately.

#### (4) Certificate of Interim Exemption.

The offeror hereby certifies that (i) the offeror first exceeded the monetary exemption for disclosure, as defined in (3) of this subsection, in the cost accounting period immediately preceding the period in which this offer was submitted and (ii) in accordance with 48 CFR 9903.202-1, the offeror is not yet required to submit a Disclosure Statement. The offeror further certifies that if an award resulting from this proposal has not been made within 90 days after the end of that period, the offeror will immediately submit a revised certificate to the Contracting Officer, in the form specified under subparagraph (c)(1) or (c)(2) of Part I of this provision, as appropriate, to verify submission of a completed Disclosure Statement.

CAUTION: Offerors currently required to disclose because they were awarded a CAS-covered prime contract or subcontract of \$50 million or more in the current cost accounting period may not claim this exemption (4). Further, the exemption applies only in connection with proposals submitted before expiration of the 90-day period following the cost accounting period in which the monetary exemption was exceeded.

# II. COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS--ELIGIBILITY FOR MODIFIED CONTRACT COVERAGE

If the offeror is eligible to use the modified provisions of 48 CFR 9903.201-2(b) and elects to do so, the offeror shall indicate by checking the box below. Checking the box below shall mean that the resultant contract is subject to the Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices clause in lieu of the Cost Accounting Standards clause.

( ) The offeror hereby claims an exemption from the Cost Accounting Standards clause under the provisions of 48 CFR 9903.201-2(b) and certifies that the offeror is eligible for use of the Disclosure and Consistency of Cost Accounting Practices clause because during the cost accounting period immediately preceding the period in which this proposal was submitted, the offeror received less than \$50 million in awards of CAS-covered prime contracts and subcontracts. The offeror further certifies that if such status changes before an award resulting from this proposal, the offeror will advise the Contracting Officer immediately.

CAUTION: An offeror may not claim the above eligibility for modified contract coverage if this proposal is expected to result in the award of a CAS-covered contract of \$50 million or more or if, during its current cost

accounting period, the offeror has been awarded a single CAS-covered prime contract or subcontract of \$25 million or more.

#### III. ADDITIONAL COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO EXISTING CONTRACTS

The offeror shall indicate below whether award of the contemplated contract would, in accordance with subparagraph (a)(3) of the Cost Accounting Standards clause, require a change in established cost accounting practices affecting existing contracts and subcontracts.

()YES()NO

(End of provision

## 252.247-7022 REPRESENTATION OF EXTENT OF TRANSPORTATION BY SEA (AUG 1992)

- (a) The Offeror shall indicate by checking the appropriate blank in paragraph (b) of this provision whether transportation of supplies by sea is anticipated under the resultant contract. The term supplies is defined in the Transportation of Supplies by Sea clause of this solicitation.
- (b) Representation. The Offeror represents that it:
- \_\_\_\_(1) Does anticipate that supplies will be transported by sea in the performance of any contract or subcontract resulting from this solicitation.
- (2) Does not anticipate that supplies will be transported by sea in the performance of any contract or subcontract resulting from this solicitation.
- (c) Any contract resulting from this solicitation will include the Transportation of Supplies by Sea clause. If the Offeror represents that it will not use ocean transportation, the resulting contract will also include the Defense FAR Supplement clause at 252.247-7024, Notification of Transportation of Supplies by Sea.

(End of provision)